# Open data maturity

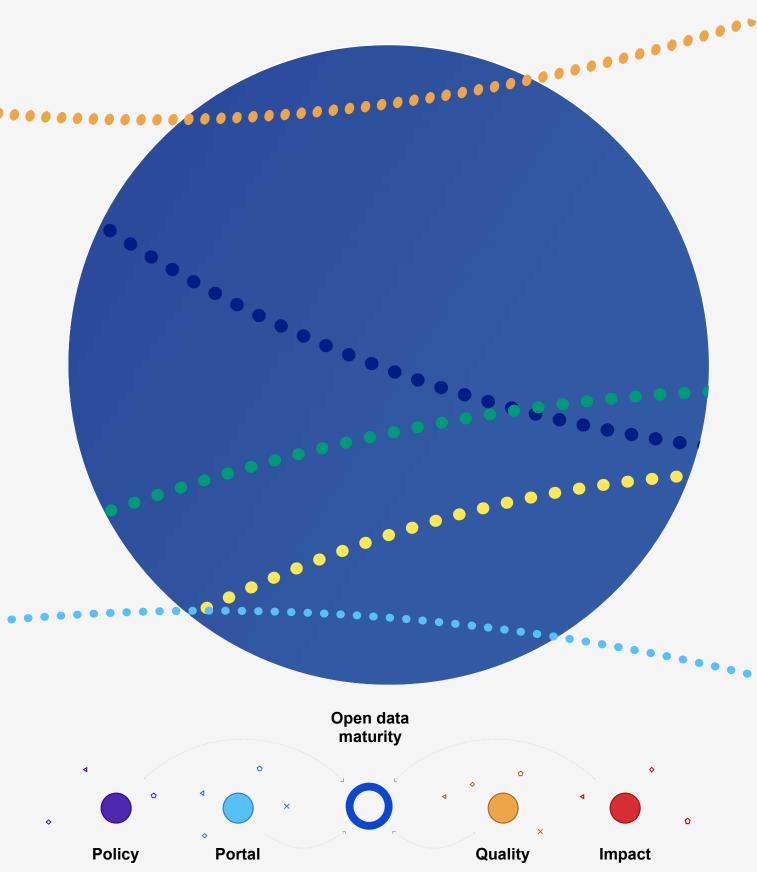
2025 country factsheet

# State of play at a glance

Norway continued to advance its open data framework through legislative reform, strategic digital planning and technical upgrades. The publication of the Official Norwegian Report on data sharing marked the first step toward incorporating the Open Data Directive (Directive (EU) 2019/1024) and the Data Governance Act (Regulation (EU) 2022/868) into national law. A new national open data law is expected to increase reuse and raise societal awareness of open data's value, with sector-specific examples such as the Norwegian Offshore Directorate illustrating tangible impact. The government also launched a national digitalisation strategy focused on secure, ethical and citizen-centred transformation, alongside preparations for implementing the Artificial Intelligence Act (Regulation (EU) 2024/1689).

The national portal was enhanced with an Al-powered search front page, redesigned dataset detail pages, improved support for controlled EU vocabularies and upgraded technical documentation. A hackathon was organised to raise awareness and gather user feedback. On the quality front, Norway finalised SHACL rules for its national DCAT-AP extension and introduced metadata quality assessments directly on the portal.







**Explore more open data maturity insights online at:** 

https://data.europa.eu/en/open-data-maturity/2025

### State of play on open data – 2025



# **Assessment methodology**

Open data maturity is measured on four thematic dimensions: policy, portal, quality and impact. Each dimension contributes an equal 25 % towards the overall maturity score.



#### **Policy**

Investigates the open data policies and strategies in place in the countries, the national governance models for managing open data and the measures applied to implement those policies and strategies.



#### **Portal**

Investigates the functionality of national open data portals, the extent to which users' needs and behaviour are examined to improve the portal, the availability of open data across different domains and the approach to ensuring the portal's sustainability.



#### Quality

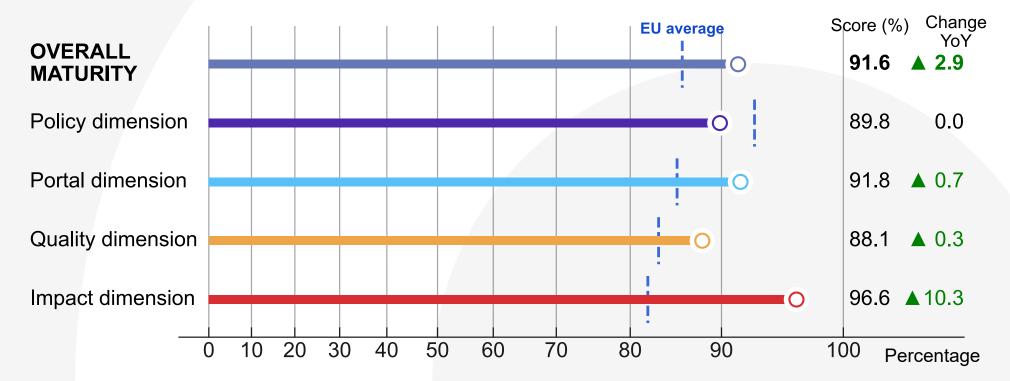
Investigates the measures adopted by portal managers to ensure the systematic harvesting of metadata, the monitoring of metadata quality and compliance with the DCAT-AP metadata standard and the quality of the deployment of the published data on the national portal.



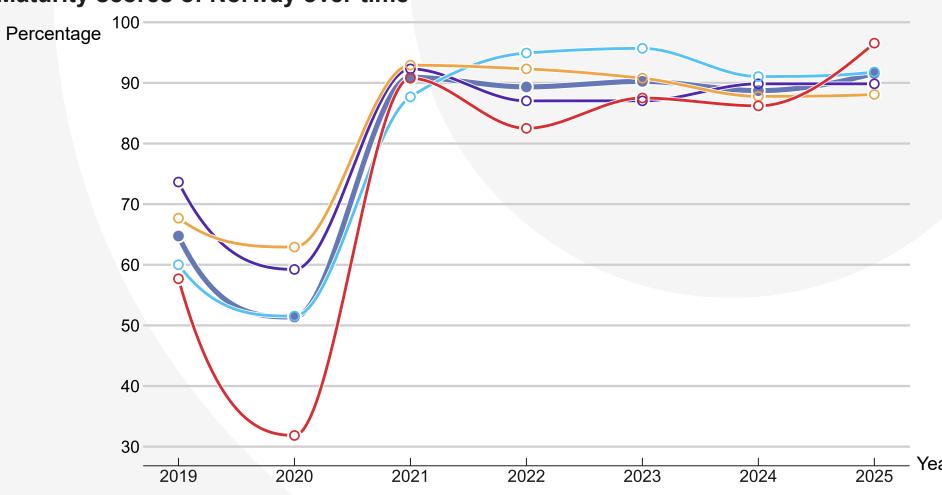
#### **Impact**

Investigates how well countries define and measure data reuse, the steps taken to assess reuse and user needs and the presence of reuse examples in the domains of government, society, the environment and the economy.

#### 2025 maturity scores of Norway



#### **Maturity scores of Norway over time**

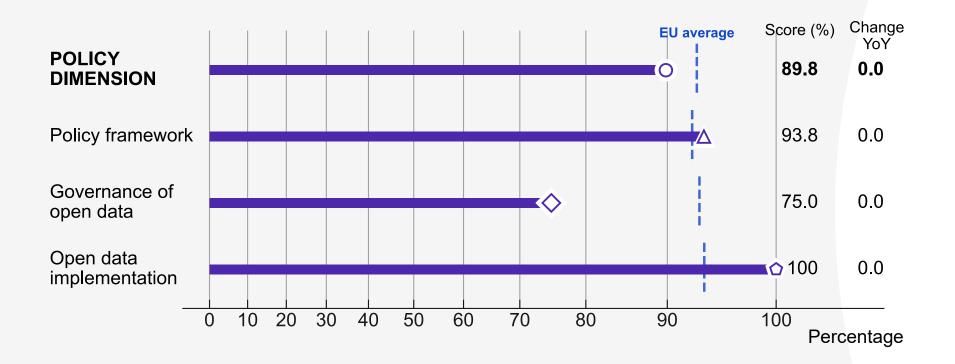


### State of play on open data – 2025



# **Policy dimension**

#### 2025 policy maturity scores of Norway



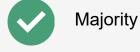
#### Key questions

Does the national open data policy/strategy include an action plan?

To what degree do local/regional public bodies conduct open data initiatives?

Are there processes to ensure that the open data policies/strategy are implemented?

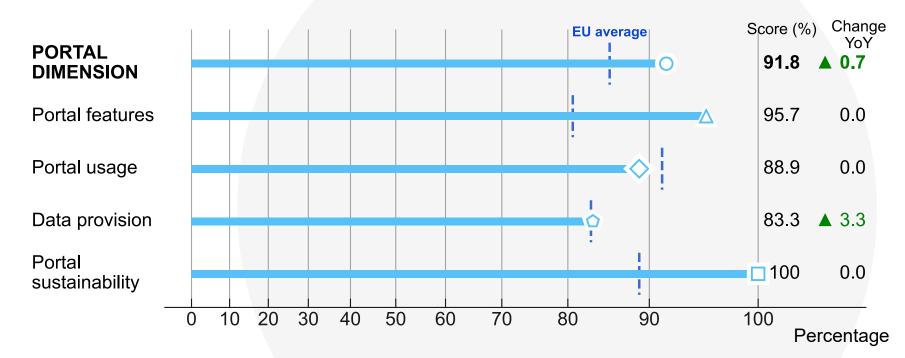




### Yes

### **Portal dimension**

#### 2025 portal maturity scores of Norway



#### Key questions

Do you monitor the portal's traffic?

To what degree do public sector data providers contribute data to the portal?

Does the national portal allow users to see what data exists but cannot be made available as open data?



Yes



Majority



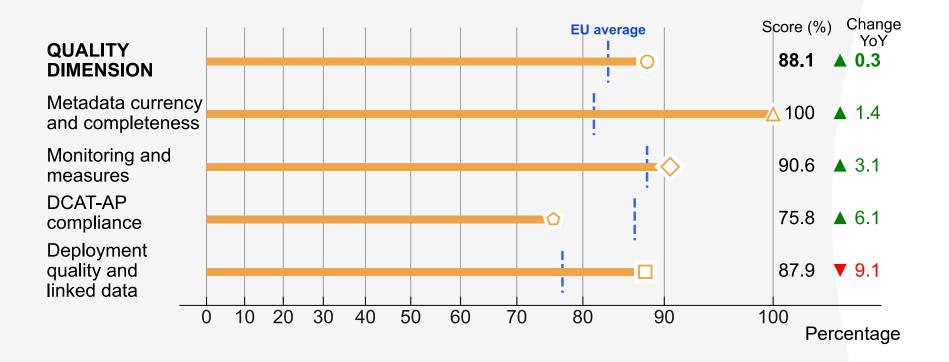
Yes

### State of play on open data – 2025



# **Quality dimension**

#### 2025 quality maturity scores of Norway

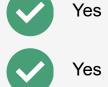


#### Key questions

Do you monitor the quality of the metadata available on your portal?

Do you set any standards on metadata quality that data providers must abide by?

Do you use a model to assess the quality of deployment of data in your country?

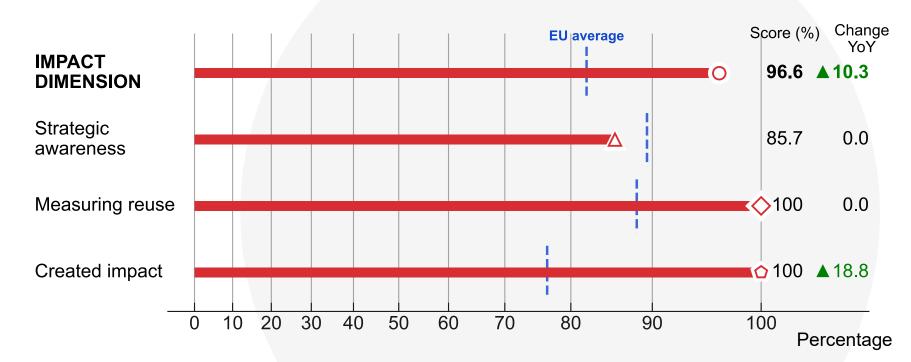






### Impact dimension

#### 2025 impact maturity scores of Norway



#### Key questions

Do you have a definition of open data reuse in your country?

Are there any processes in place to monitor the level of reuse of your country's open data?

Do you have a methodology in place to measure the impact of open data?