

# Open data maturity

2019



**Lithuania**

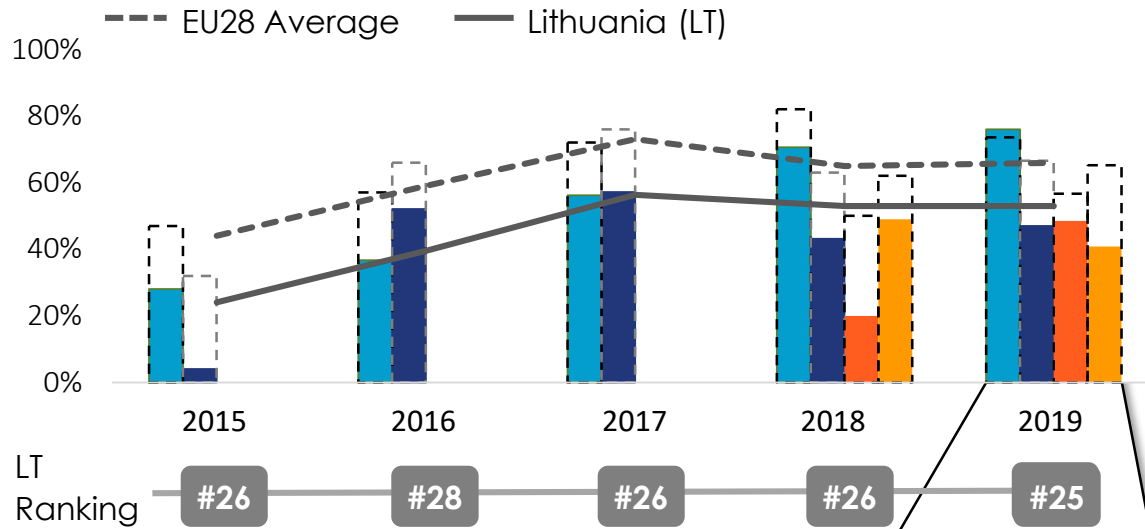


# State-of-Play on open data - 2019

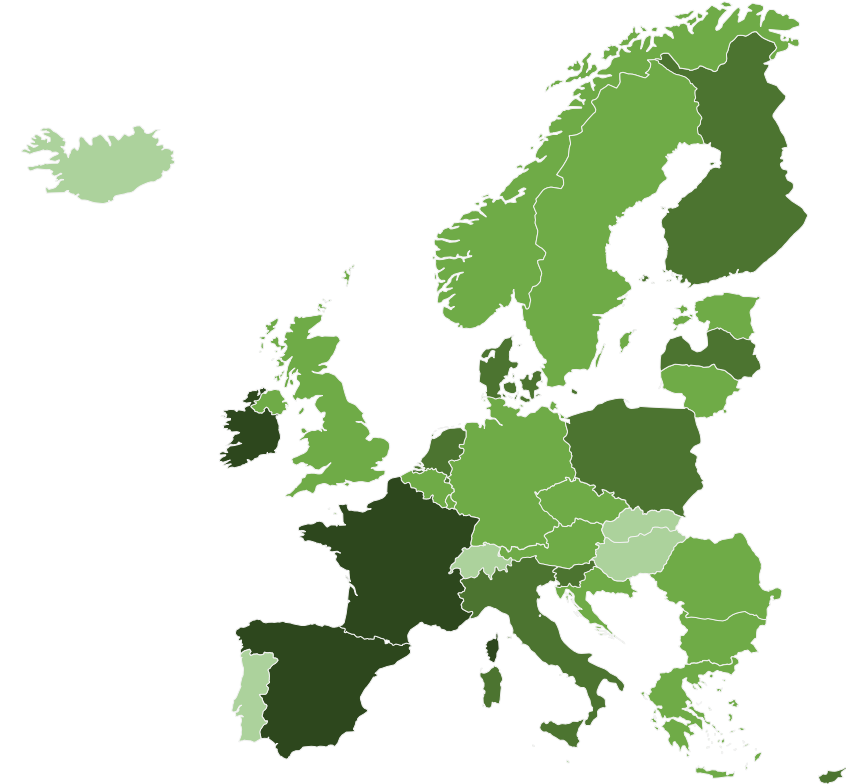
# Lithuania



## MATURITY LEVEL RATING



## OVERALL MATURITY LEVEL SEGMENTATION

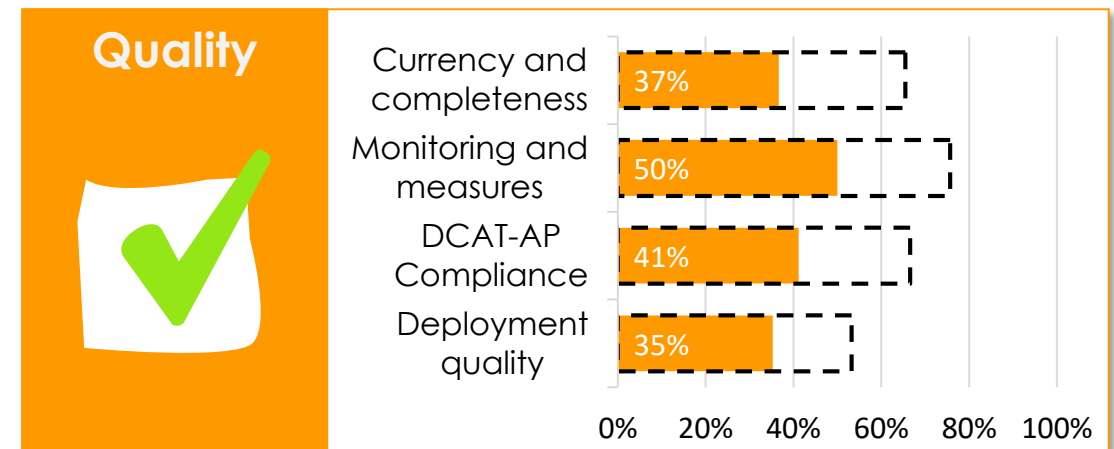
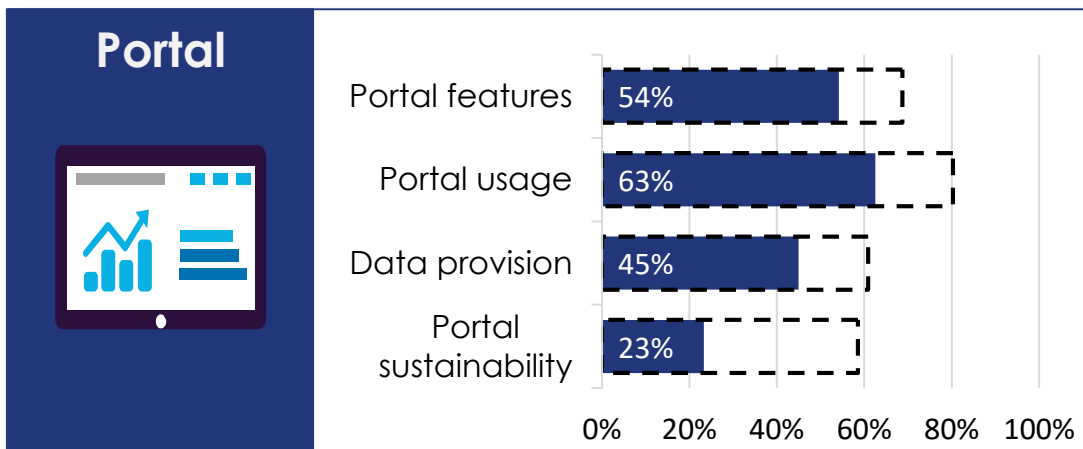
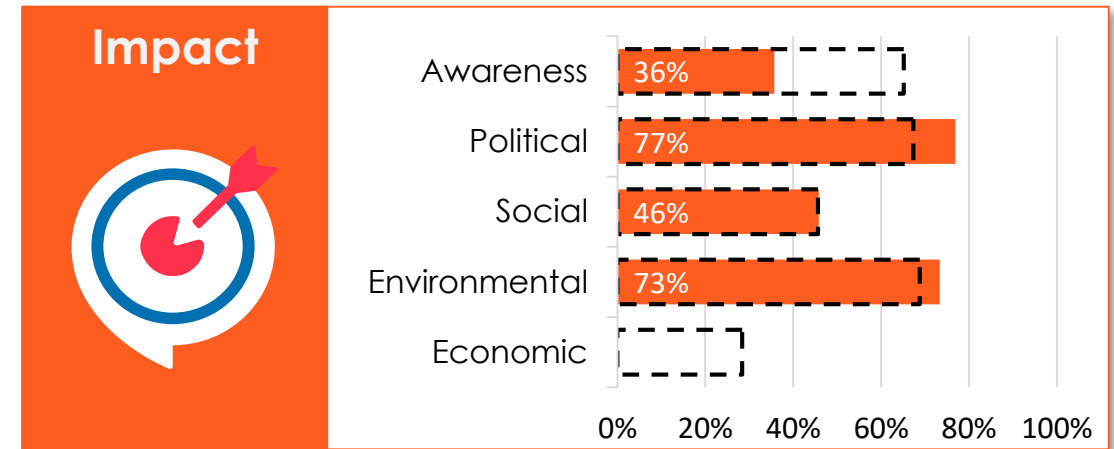
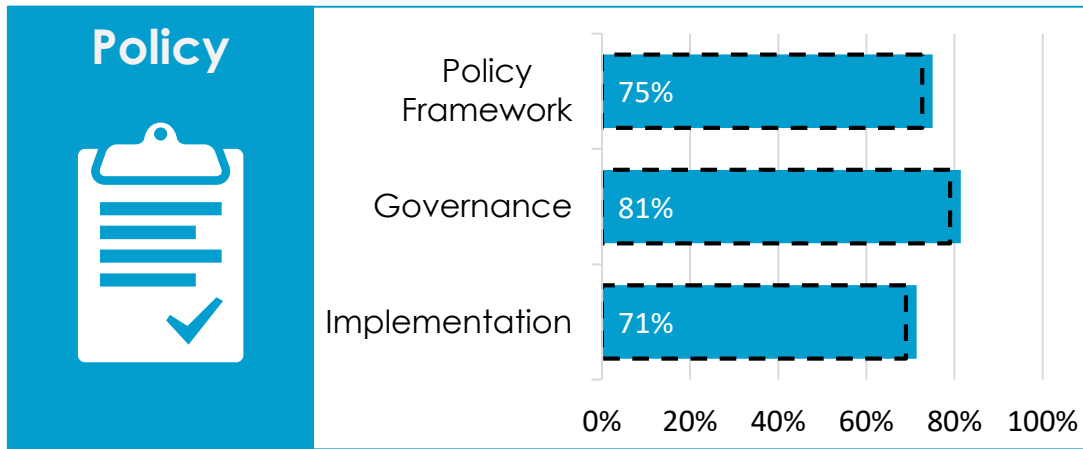


Category	Rank	LT %	EU %
Policy	#14	76%	74%
Portal	#27	47%	67%
Impact	#24	48%	57%
Quality	#29	41%	65%
<b>Overall</b>		<b>53%</b>	<b>66%</b>





## DIMENSION PERFORMANCE



EU28 Average 
 X % Lithuania



## ADDRESSING BARRIERS

### Legal

Some regulations in Lithuania are not supporting the opening up of data and that makes it possible to argue against open data. A revision of legal acts is needed in order to create a legal environment that support open data initiatives.

### Availability

Lithuania plans to open more datasets with 3 or more stars. According to the 5-Star Open Data, 3-star data is data that is available under an open licence and in machine readable format. The concept of the 5-star open data and linked data is one of the topics that is explained during meetings from Govtech Forum. In general, Govtech organises monthly meetings to explain technologies to civil servants.

### Awareness

Lithuania wants to enhance the communication between public sector bodies, open data re-users, and citizens in order to increase open data literacy and to build an active open data ecosystem. It was planned to educate more than 200 civil servants on open data in 2019.



## OPEN DATA RE-USE

The methodology for measuring the impact of open data in Lithuania is under preparation. The methodology will describe the measurement parameters for the evaluation of economic, social, and political impact, as well as which target groups need to be interviewed. In addition, to increase engagement with open data re-users, the renewed national open data portal will provide possibilities to share good practice and open data use cases.

Lithuania provides multiple application, services, and products based on open data. An example is the website [ManoSeismas.lt](http://ManoSeismas.lt), where users can easily find out how actively the Parliament members participate in meetings and voting, how actively they submit legislative proposals, and how successful these proposals are.

Another example of open data re-use is the [NGO Atlas](http://NGO Atlas), that provides an overview of all non-governmental organisations in Lithuania and makes it easy for anyone to search for organisations of interest and see what they do, where they operate, if they search for volunteers, and who supports or sponsors them.