

WEBINAR

Charting the currents: the potential of open marine data



13 June 2025

10:00 – 11:00 CEST



Rules of the game



The webinar will be recorded and published on the data.europa academy



For questions, please use the ClickMeeting chat

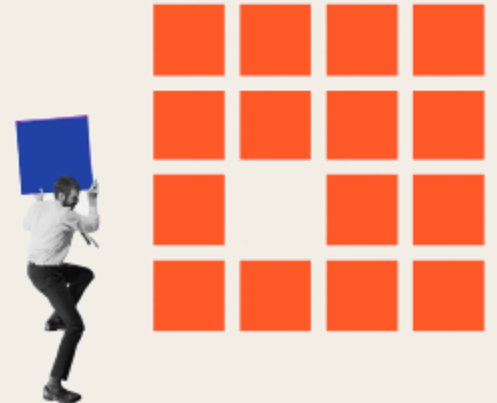


Please reserve 3 min after the webinar to help us improve by filling in our feedback form



Agenda

10.00 – 10.05	Opening and introduction – <i>Inmaculada Farfan Velasco</i>
10.05 – 10.25	Case study: Marine Analyst – <i>Pascal Derycke</i>
10.25 – 10.45	Case study: digital twin of the Southern Baltic Sea – <i>Aleksandra Dudkowska</i>
10.45 – 10.55	Q&A session
10.55 – 11:00	Closing remarks



Today's speakers



Inmaculada Farfan Velasco
data.europa.eu,
Publications Office of the
European Union



Pascal Derycke
Innovation Manager and Data
Engineer, Sciensano



Aleksandra Dudkowska
Assistant Professor,
Institute of Hydro-
Engineering of the Polish
Academy of Sciences

Marine-Analyst.eu: facilitating access to open marine data in an innovative way



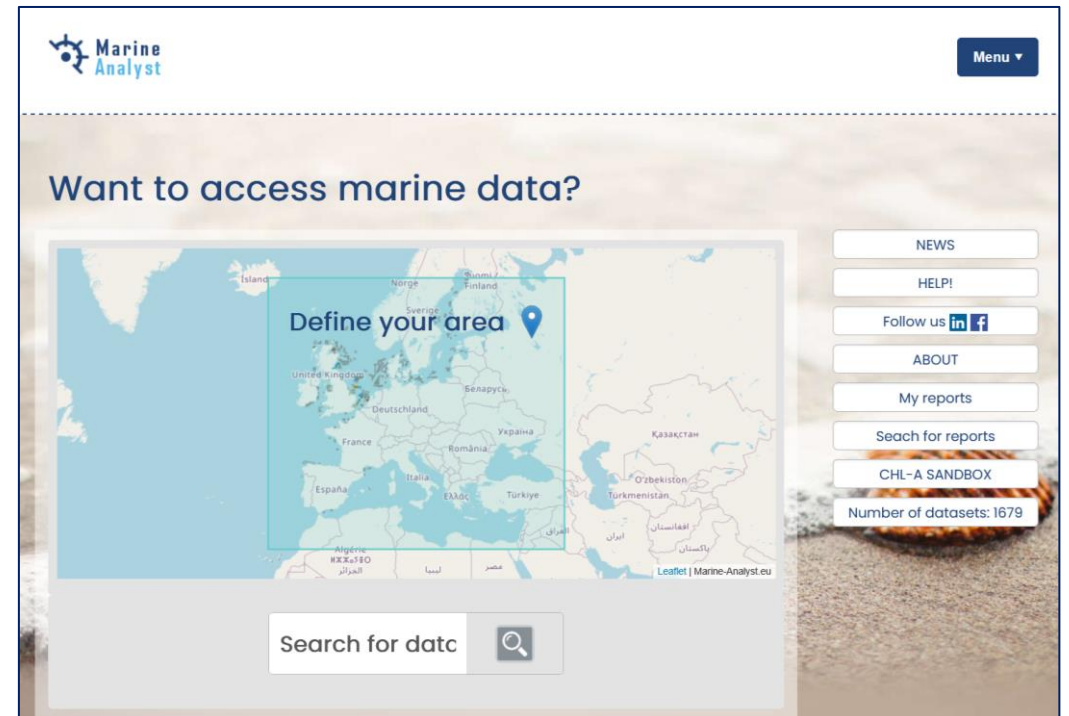
www.marine-analyst.eu
Pascal Derycke

data.Europa.eu academy webinar 'Charting
the currents: the potential of open marine
data' Friday, 13 June 2025

Powered by

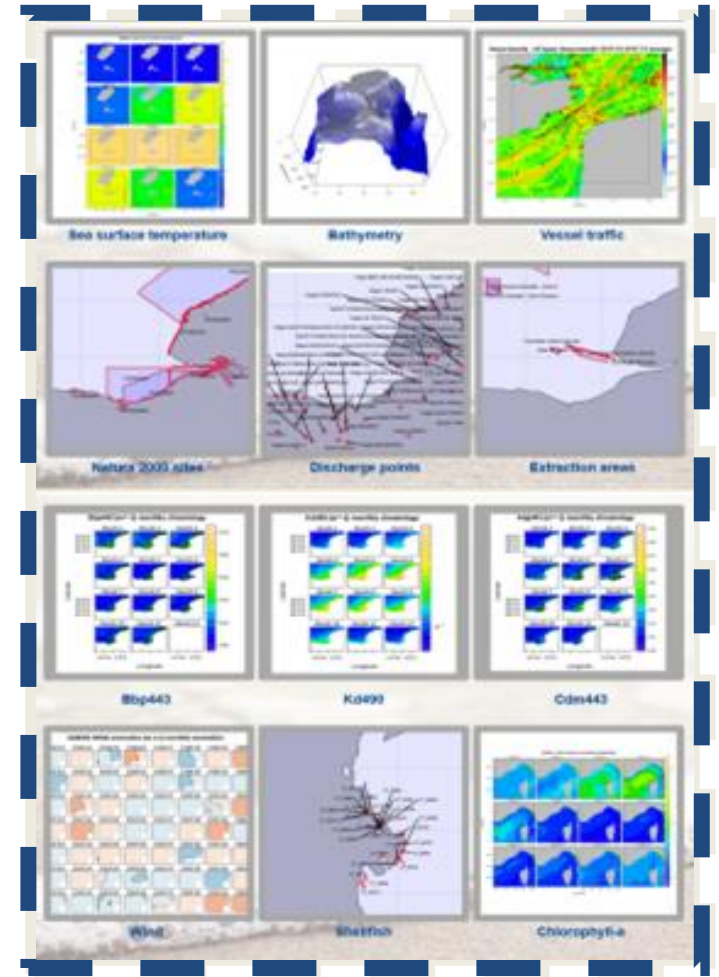


Launched in 2020, the Marine-Analyst.eu is an open-access web platform designed to simplify access to marine data and facilitate reproducible environmental analyses.



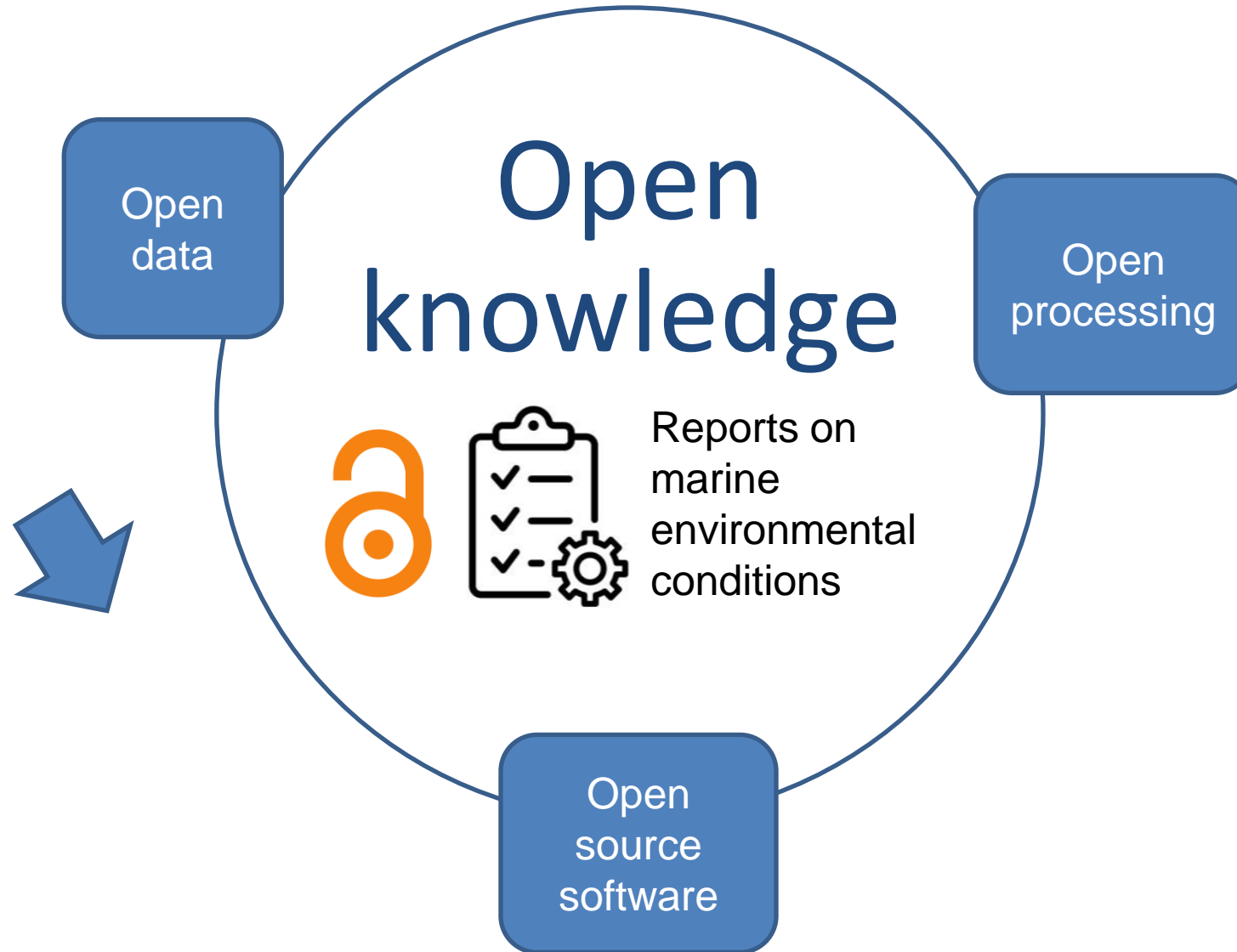
Marine-Analyst.eu offers an intuitive and easy-to-use interface, making it accessible to users with varying levels of technical expertise.

It serves as a collaborative tool for a wide range of users—including scientists, policymakers, environmental organisations, and the general public—to explore, analyse, and report on marine environmental conditions.



Users can visualise data, perform analyses, and generate reports without requiring programming skills.

Principles and purpose

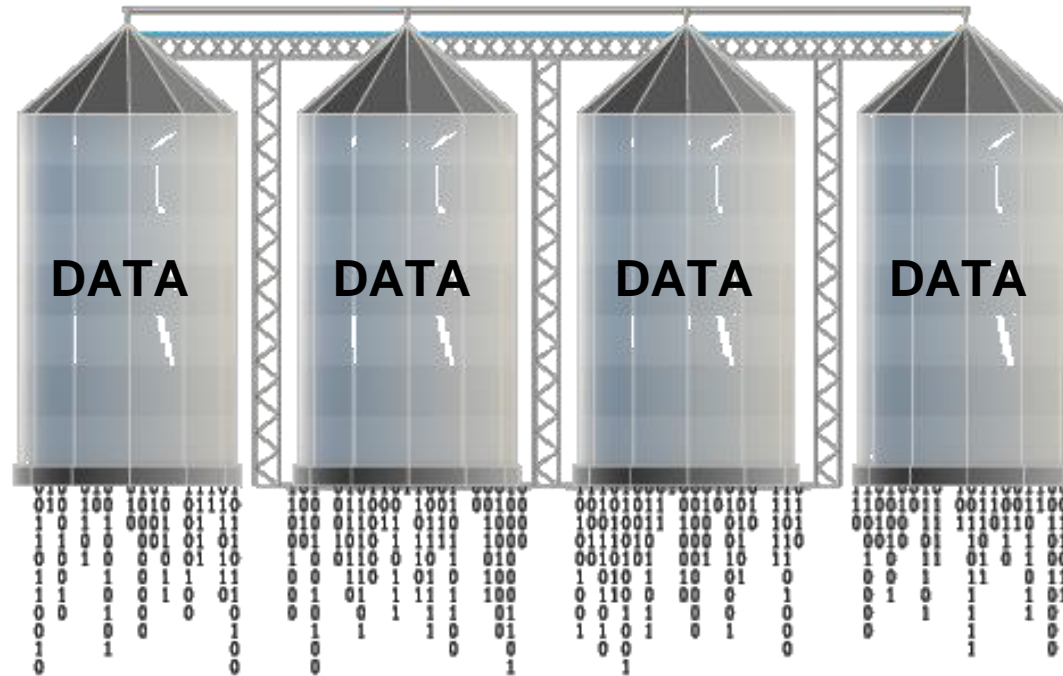


It relies on the EU Open data Policy

EMODnet



The platform provides access to over 1,500 datasets from major marine data providers such as the Copernicus Marine Service, EMODnet, GEBCO, etc.



These datasets cover various aspects of the marine environment, including sea surface temperature, marine litter distribution, bathymetry, wind data, and more.

Data access via standard Web services (APIs)

Data processing is supported by



WEkEO DIAS*
Cloud computing services

*Data and Information Access Services



Open source software

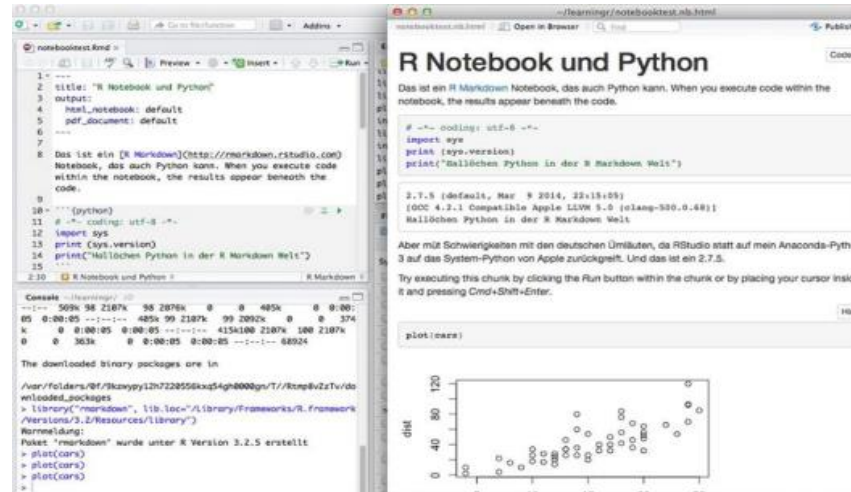
The Marine Analyst is powered by a Content Management System that enables the management and delivery of **computational notebooks** containing analyses associated with the dataset.



OPEN SOURCE

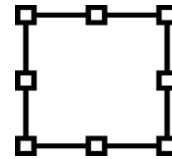


OPEN SCIENCE

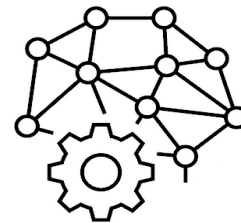


Key features

For specific areas of interest in Europe (and also at global scale), after a data access request, a document (report) is generated and published on the Web.



Each report is human readable (html) and machine actionable (semantically annotated with Schema.org) and publish in a DCAT dataset catalogue.






Search for data

The search result shows whether data is available for the selected area and whether a report can be downloaded to the dashboard.

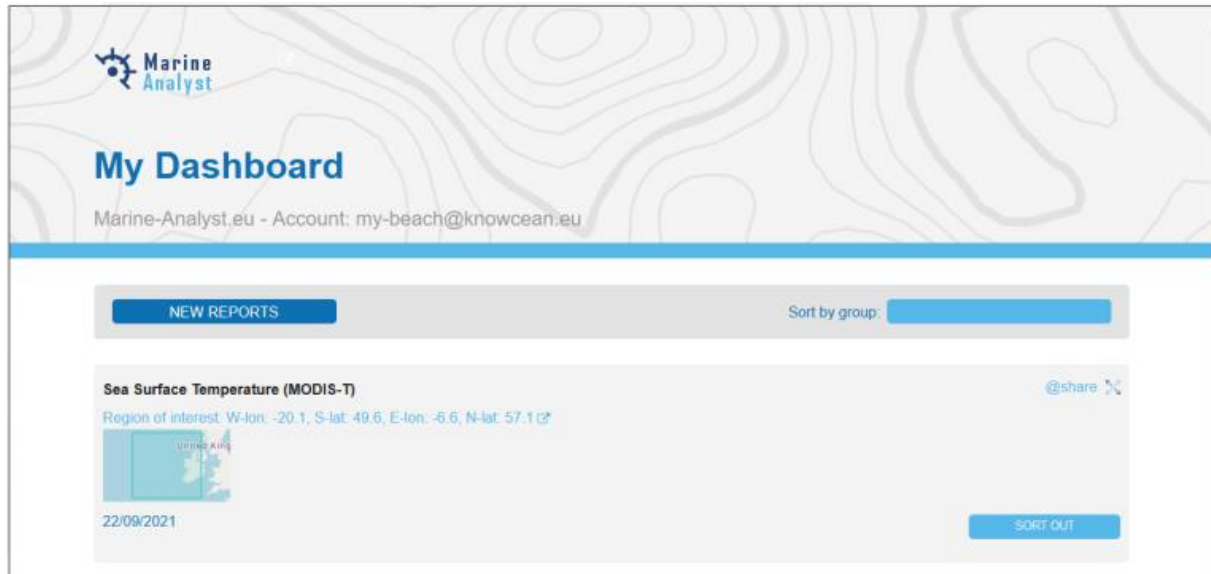


My search:

 Data is available for my area of interest  Add data to my dashboard is enabled  Geographical extent of data

<input type="checkbox"/> Wind Farms (Points)	  
<input type="checkbox"/> Wind Farms (Polygons)	no data  
<input type="checkbox"/> Daily wind speed	  

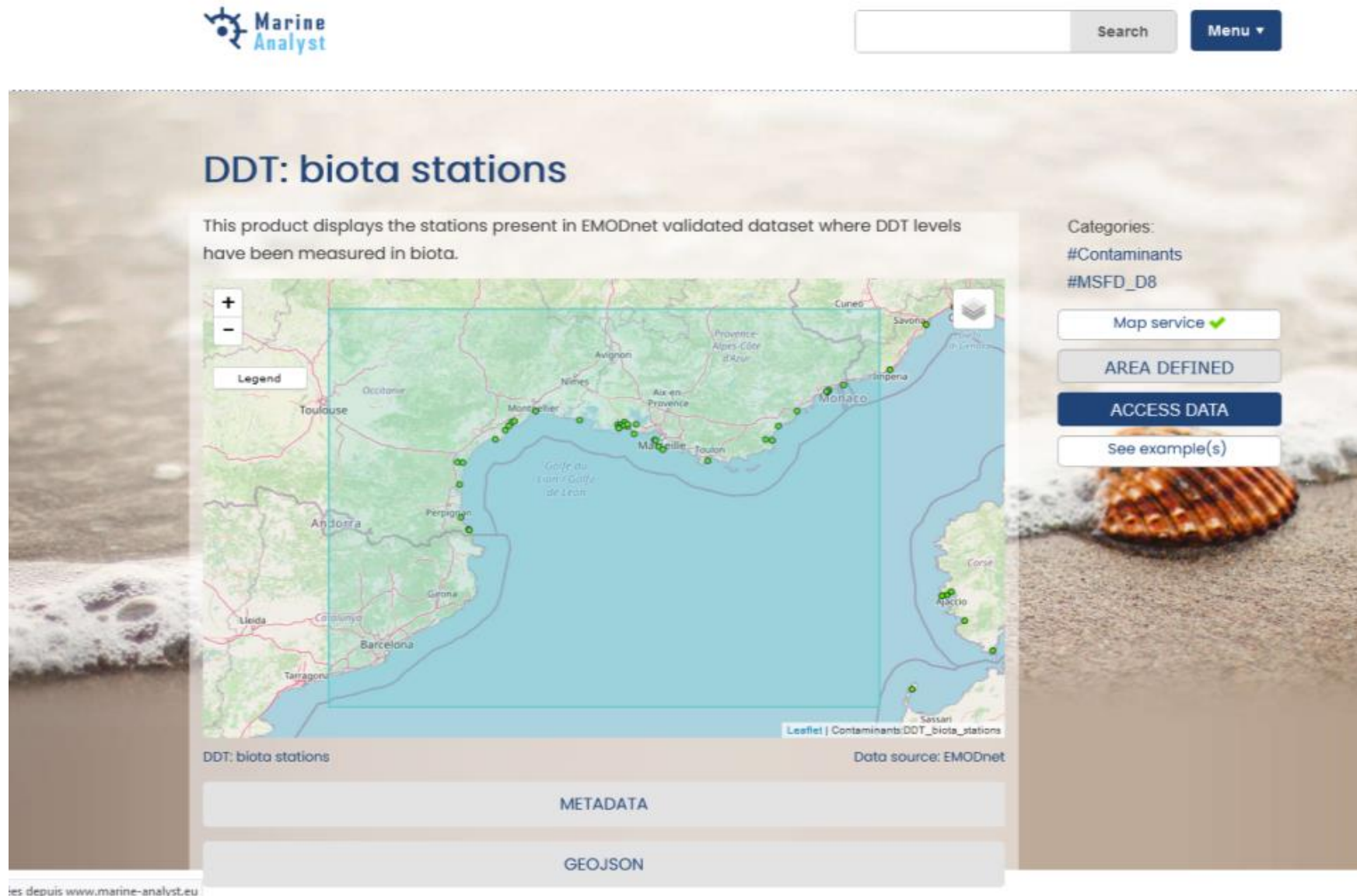
Reports are collected in a personal dashboard



Users can perform comprehensive analyses for specific areas of interest and generate automatic reports that include value-added analyses and environmental indicators.

These features support tasks such as maritime spatial planning, climate change assessment, and marine protected area management.

Example of a data visualisation page



Example of a report

1 Data information

2 Geographical extent

2.1 Coordinates

2.2 Defined area

3 Analysis (graphs)

3.1 Monthly composite

3.2 Average

3.3 Monthly climatology

3.4 Monthly boxplot

3.5 Anomalies

4 Analysis (data)

4.1 Average seasonal decomposition

4.2 Download

5 Dynamic graphs

5.1 Time series

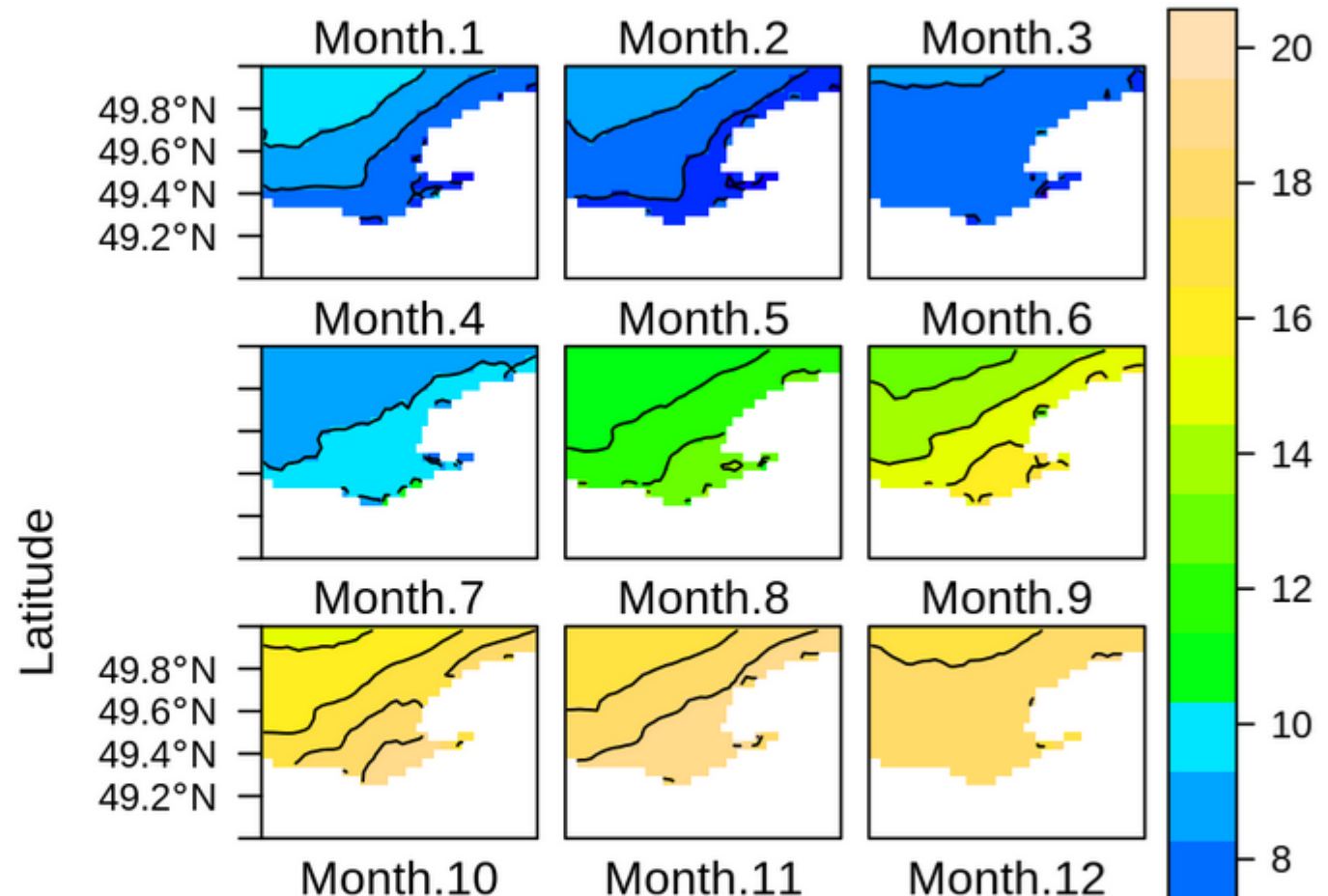
5.2 Seasonal component

5.3 Trend

5.4 Residual

3.3 Monthly climatology

MODIS T SST (oC) monthly climatology



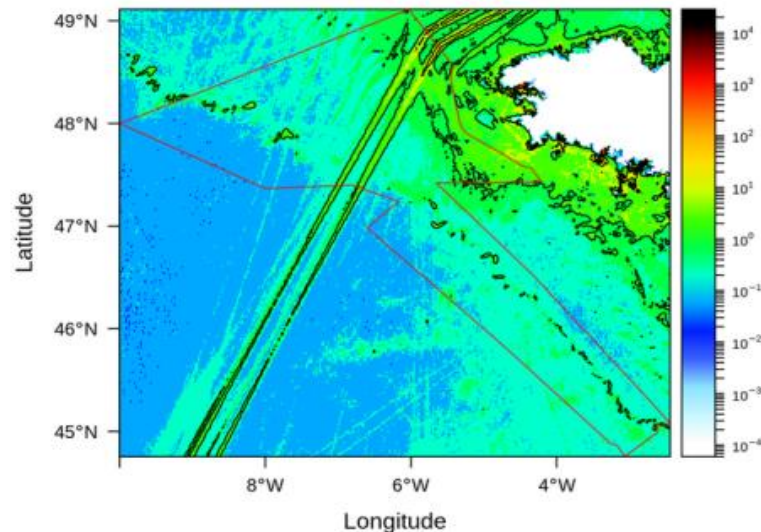
Example of report produced for the MPA “wdpaid 555643633 ”

Mers Celtiques - Talus du golfe de Gascogne

https://my-beach.eu/rprocessing/temp/Report-wdpaid-vess8_6f9at4dnbhujd1keptqb390kdq_555643633.html



A spatial-temporal analysis of the shipping activity for the selected MPA



AIS data: EMODnet
monthly vessel densities
per vessel type (2017-
2020)

Marine Protected Areas
IUCN MPA database
www.protectedplanet.net

1 MPA information

2 Data information

2.1 Metadata

3 Geographical extent

3.1 Coordinates

3.2 MPA area

4 Shipping density

4.1 Fishing

4.2 Service

4.3 Dredging

4.4 Sailing

4.5 Pleasure Craft

4.6 High Speed craft

4.7 Tug and towing

4.8 Passenger

4.9 Cargo

4.10 Tanker

4.11 Military

4.12 Other

4.13 Unknown

5 Statistics

5.1 Distribution

5.2 Global traffic

6 Hierarchical clustering

6.1 Yearly densities

6.2 Classification by activities

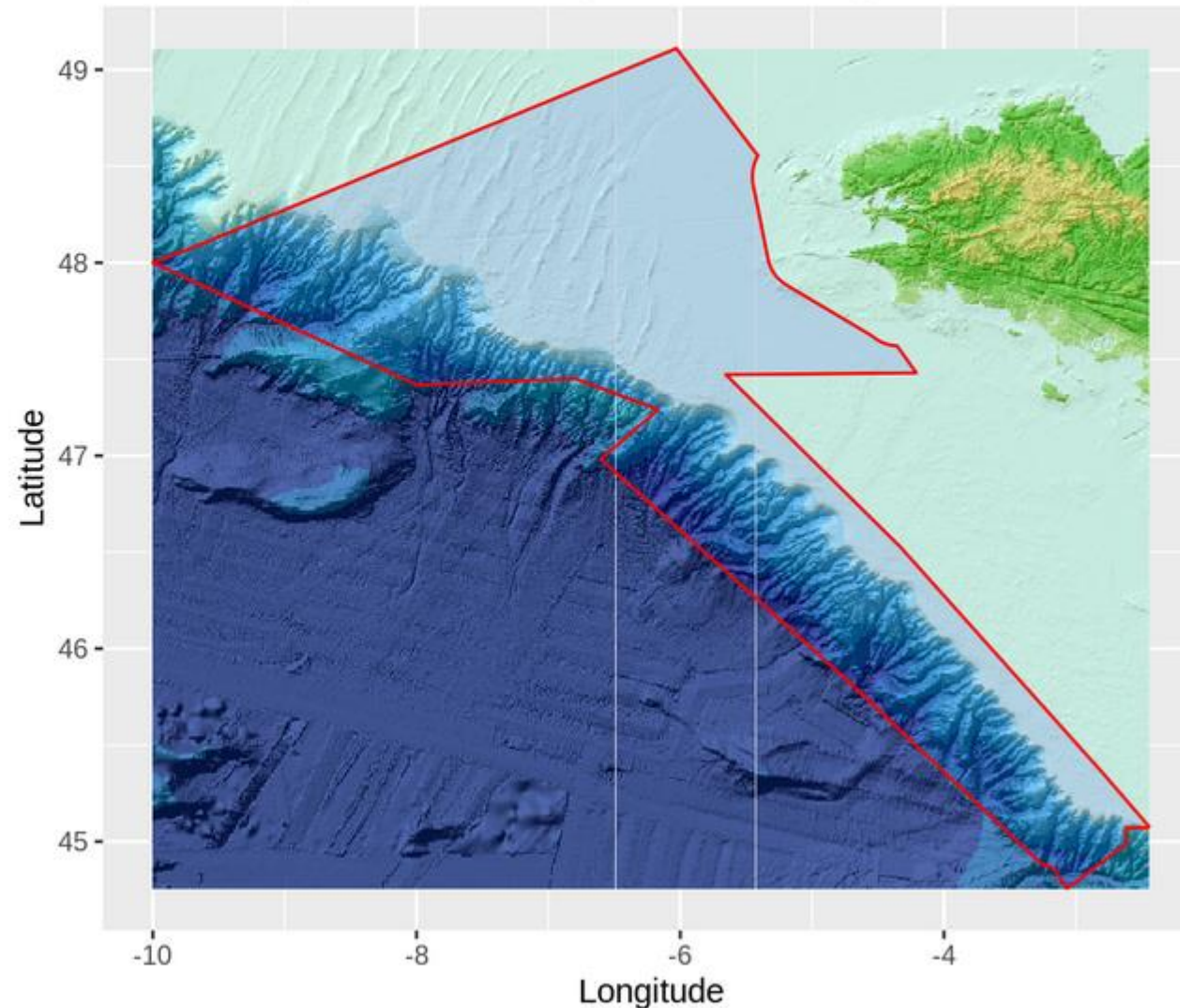
6.3 Maritime activities clusters

EU Marine Protected Area: vessel traffic analysis 2017-2020

Document produced by <http://www.marine-analyst.eu> (Dubroca L., Cariou T., Derycke P.)

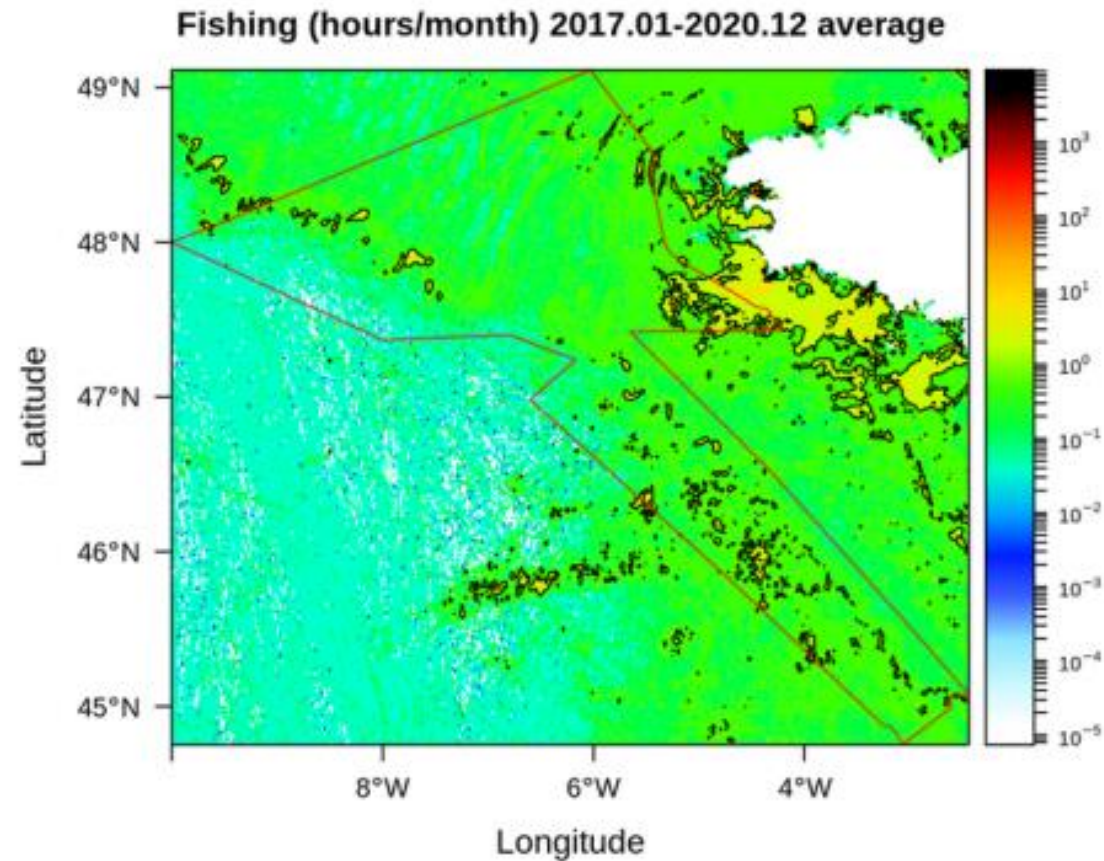
11 September, 2021

Mers Celtiques - Talus du golfe de Gascogne

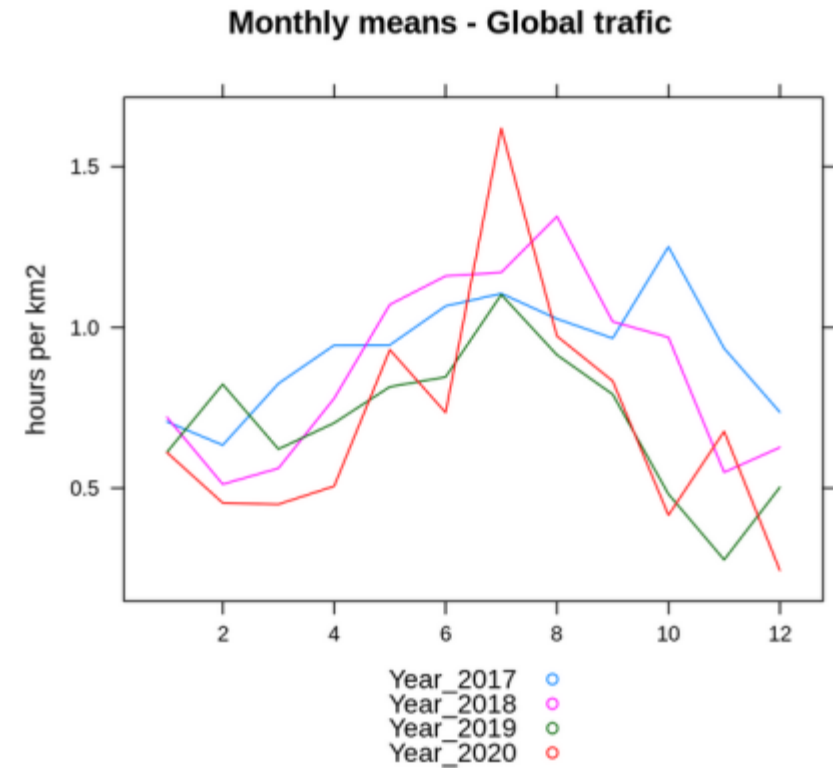
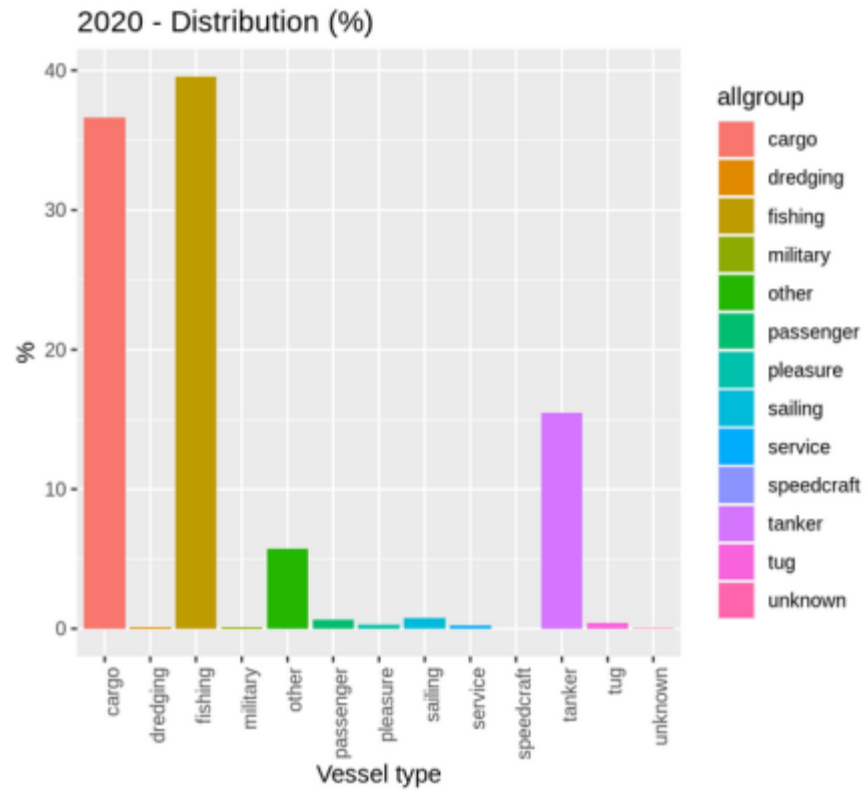


Maps

4.1 Fishing



Statistics

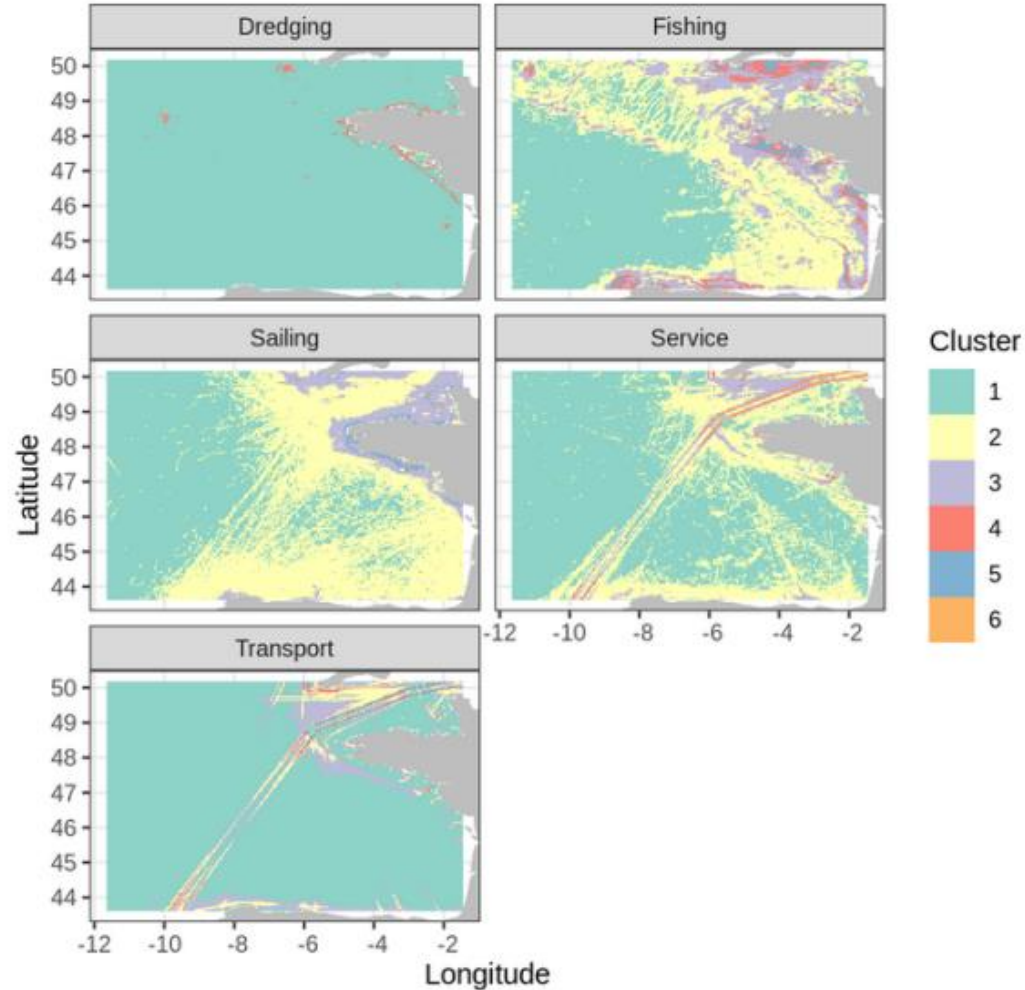


Yearly means per vessel type

allgroup <fctr>	mean2017 <dbl>	mean2018 <dbl>	mean2019 <dbl>	mean2020 <dbl>
fishing	3.9657409014	3.706710445	2.9117118873	3.3406106607
service	0.0199139950	0.015947871	0.0111375437	0.0177013725
dredging	0.0161538911	0.010139497	0.0093468530	0.0069803571
sailing	0.0731917996	0.104161330	0.0776845644	0.0668570534
pleasure	0.0228101137	0.033030653	0.0289549412	0.0242848099
speedcraft	0.0009128923	0.001415042	0.0003514705	0.0006877847
tug	0.0589612823	0.045906279	0.0357350823	0.0368232679
passenger	0.0859281481	0.096371148	0.0817031558	0.0522820548
cargo	4.5335253260	4.245162086	3.3798986481	3.0965203022
tanker	1.7297559838	1.663498230	1.3906645089	1.3090270318
1-10 of 13 rows				
Previous 1 2 Next				

Cluster analysis (AI)

- 3 Geographical extent
 - 3.1 Coordinates
 - 3.2 MPA area
- 4 Shipping density
 - 4.1 Fishing
 - 4.2 Service
 - 4.3 Dredging
 - 4.4 Sailing
 - 4.5 Pleasure Craft
 - 4.6 High Speed craft
 - 4.7 Tug and towing
 - 4.8 Passenger
 - 4.9 Cargo
 - 4.10 Tanker
 - 4.11 Military
 - 4.12 Other
 - 4.13 Unknown
- 5 Statistics
 - 5.1 Distribution
 - 5.2 Global traffic
- 6 Hierarchical clustering
 - 6.1 Yearly densities
 - 6.2 Classification by activities**
 - 6.3 Maritime activities clusters
 - 6.4 Boxplot
- 7 All data
- 8 Open-notebook



Adopting Semantic Web and Linked Data principles: <http://fair.knowcean.eu> (DCAT RDF catalogue)

Marine-Analyst report repository

[Home](#) [About](#) [Metadata](#) [Search](#)

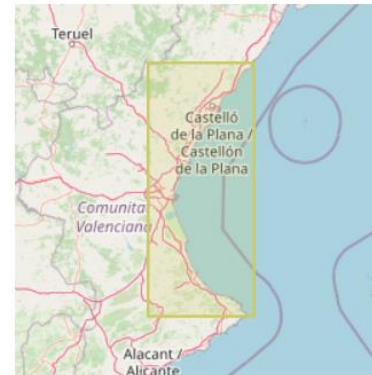
Catalogue: [EMODnet Geology](#)

Coastline migration from field-monitoring

Pan-European coastline-migration map at zoomable scale

[Open this report](#)

[Generate a new report](#)



API: [turtle](#) [rdf+xml](#) [json-ld](#)

M

Data from: Macroalgae
(seaweeds)

my-beach.eu
fair.knowcean.eu
+2more

📄 html

Updated Sep 26, 2024
+ more versions

M

Coastline migration from field-
monitoring

fair.knowcean.eu
my-beach.eu

📄 html

Updated Nov 22, 2021

M

Waste at Ports (tonnes)

fair.knowcean.eu
marine-analyst.eu
+2more

📄 html

Updated May 21, 2022
+ more versions

M

Data from: Shellfish production

my-beach.eu
fair.knowcean.eu
+2more

Coastline migration from field-monitoring

Explore at:

🔗 Marine Analyst | fair.knowc...

🔗 my-beach.eu

📄 html

Dataset updated

Nov 22, 2021

Dataset provided by

<http://www.marine-analyst.eu>

Authors

Marine Analyst

License

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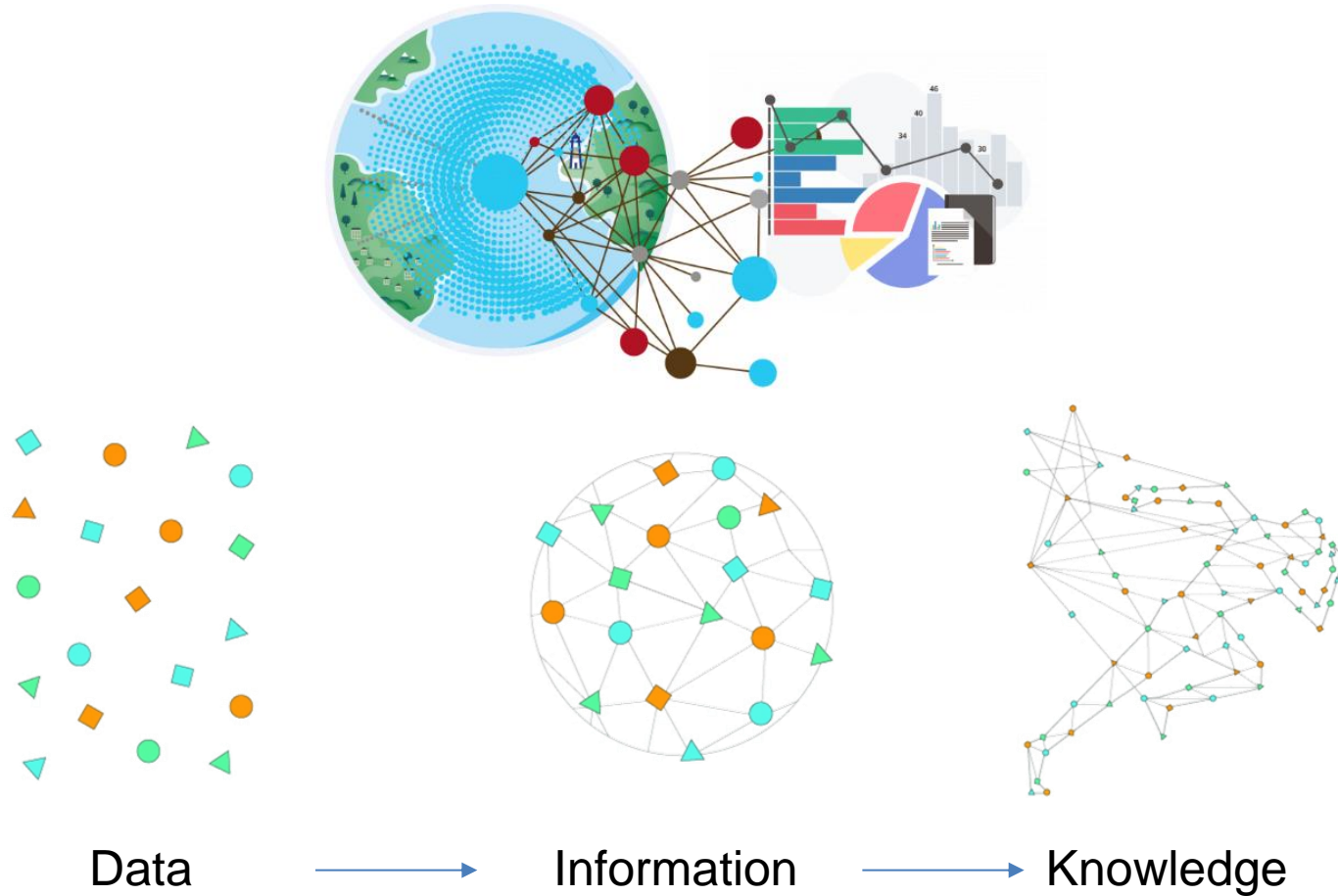
License information was derived automatically

Area covered

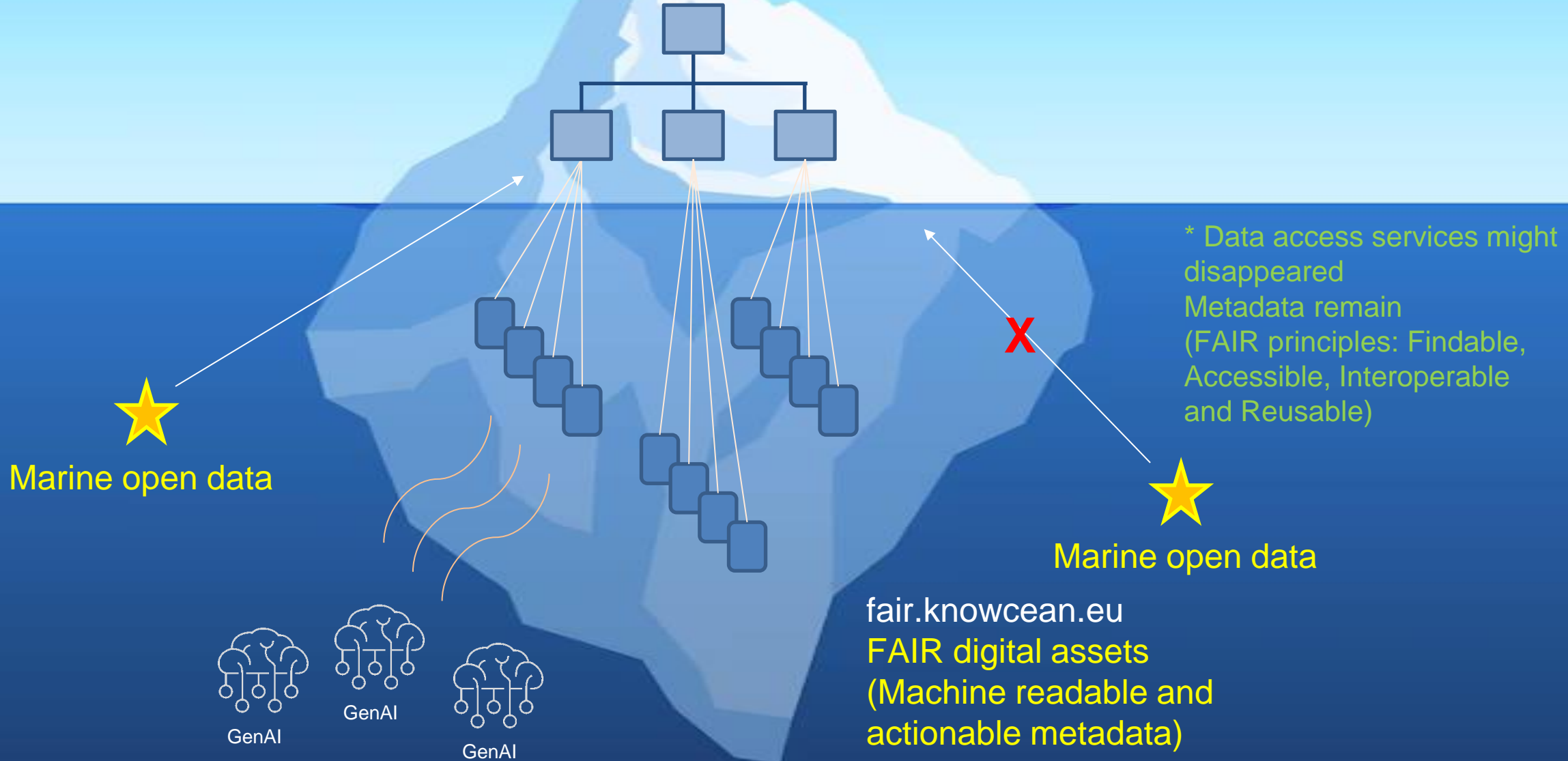


Conclusion

From open data, to information, to knowledge



marine-analyst.eu
FAIR service



Press Review:

Innovating access to marine data: “Marine Analyst simplifies access to datasets and analysis tools for the marine environment.”

WEKEO news: “Marine Analyst: facilitating access to marine data in an innovative way.”

Eumetsat: “Data in Action: Innovative platform to access complex marine data.”

Marine Copernicus use cases: “From open data to marine knowledge: A service for augmented data access and reproducible data analysis.”

Thank you

Pascal Derycke

Contact: my-beach@knowcean.eu

www.linkedin.com/in/marine-analyst

<http://marine-analyst.eu>



Digital Twin of the Southern Baltic Sea

An initiative for smarter, data-driven
coastal management in Poland





Photo:

E: hello@baltyk.co

FB: [www.fb.com/Baltyk.co](https://www.facebook.com/Baltyk.co)

IG: www.instagram.com/baltyk_co





On April 11, 1970, Apollo 13 lifted off for the moon with Commander Jim Lovell, Command Module Pilot Jack Swigert and Lunar Module Pilot Fred Haise aboard. Two days later, with the spacecraft well on its way to the moon, an oxygen tank exploded, scrubbing the lunar landing and putting the crew in jeopardy.

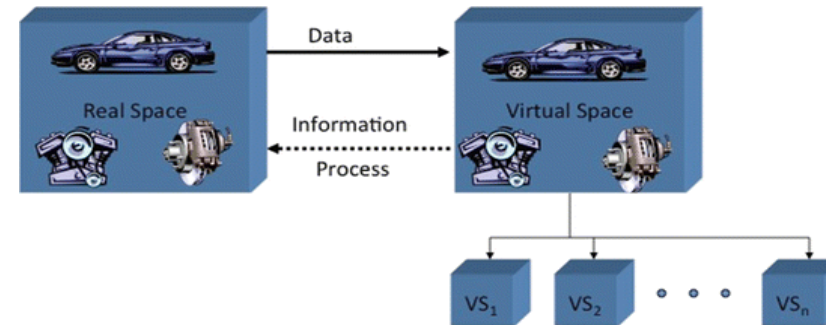


Okay, Houston, we've had a problem here.

Origin of the Digital Twin

2002 – Prof. Michael Grieves formally initiates the idea of digital twin

Conceptual Ideal for PL, Dr. Michael Grieves, University of Michigan, Lurie Engineering Center, Dec 3, 2002



John Vickers · 3rd
Senior leader at NASA

M. Grieves and J. Vickers: Digital Twin: Mitigating Unpredictable, Undesirable Emergent Behavior in Complex Systems, July 2017, In book: Transdisciplinary Perspectives on Complex Systems by Springer.

The idea of the Digital Twin is to be able to design, test, manufacture, and use the virtual version of the systems

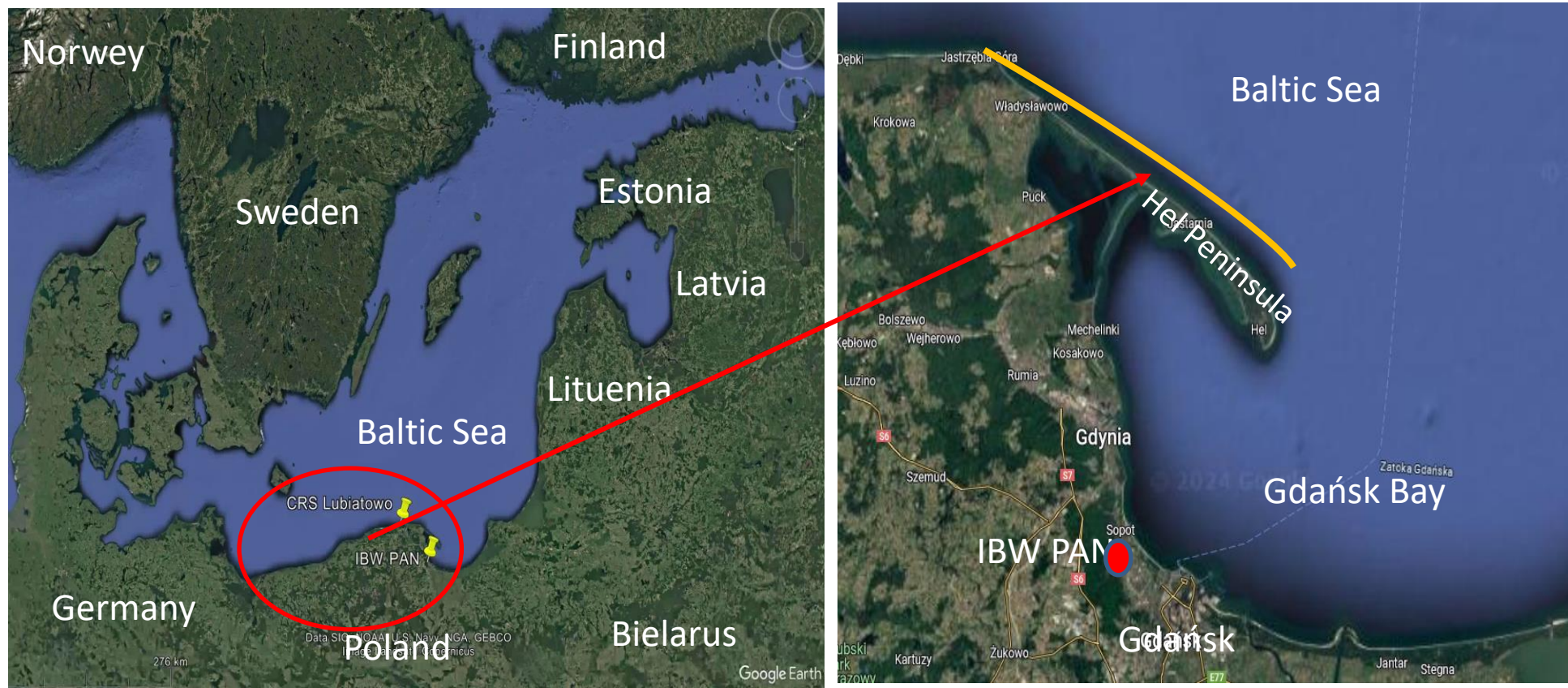
Digital information of a system is a „twin” of the information of its physical representative

What is a Digital Twin?

Digital replica of real-world systems
powered by real-time data.

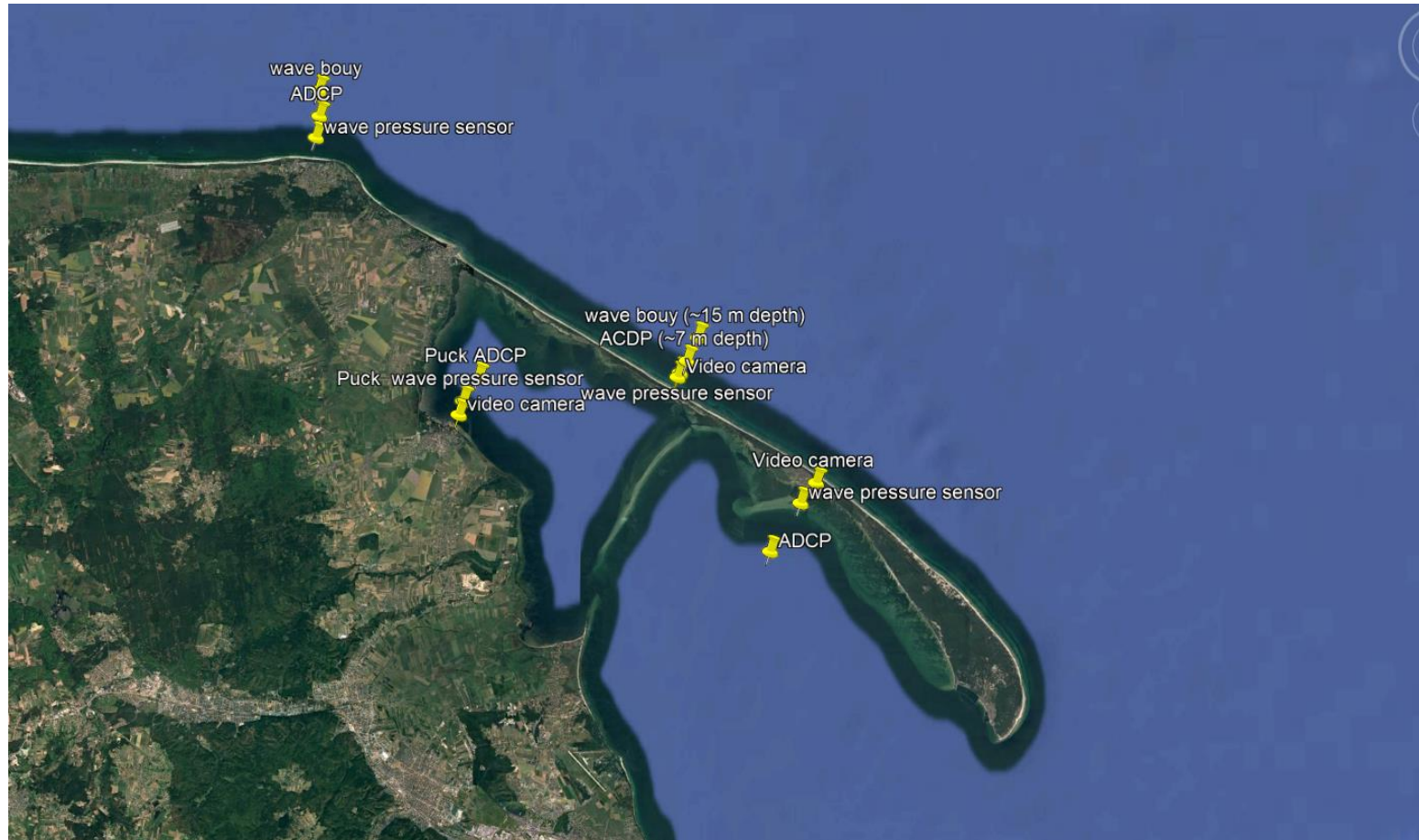
Hel Peninsula monitoring: pilot case

Why Hel Peninsula is an ideal testbed
for Digital Twin of marine environment development ?



Measurement Infrastructure

Sensors, buoys, cameras, and weather stations



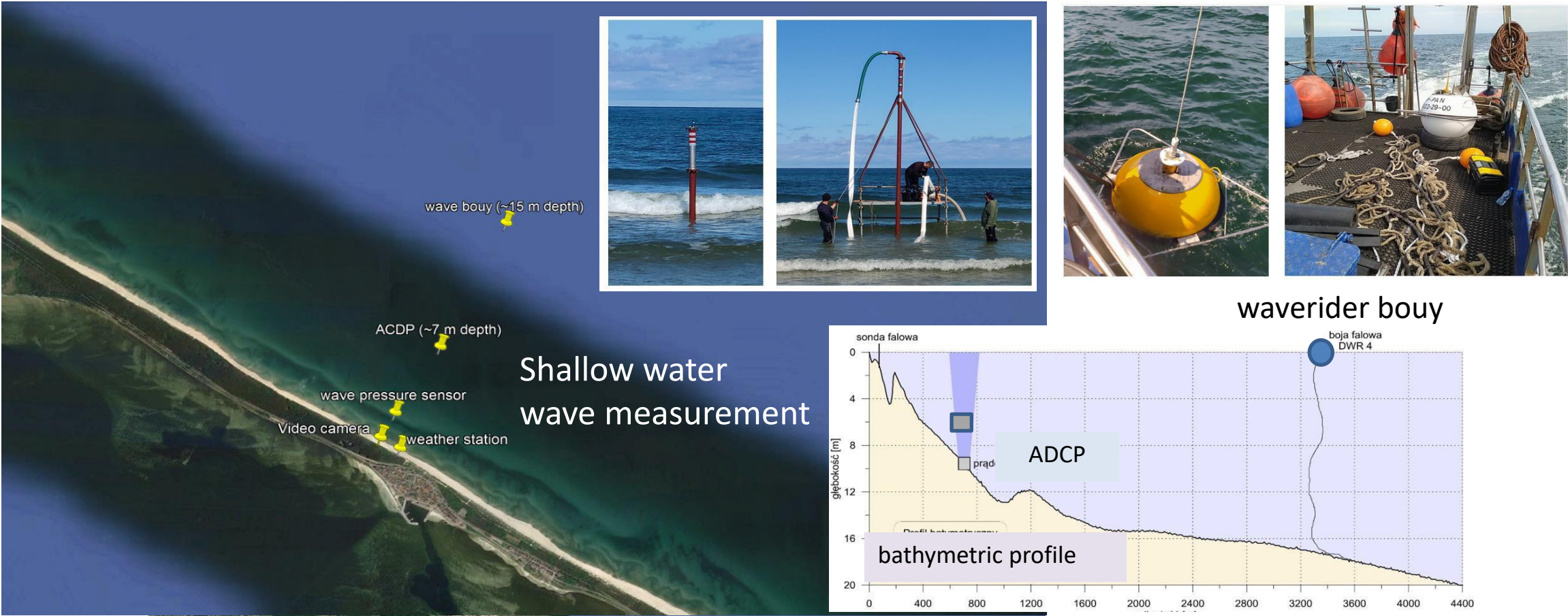
Measurement Infrastructure

Sensors, buoys, cameras, and weather stations



Measurement Infrastructure

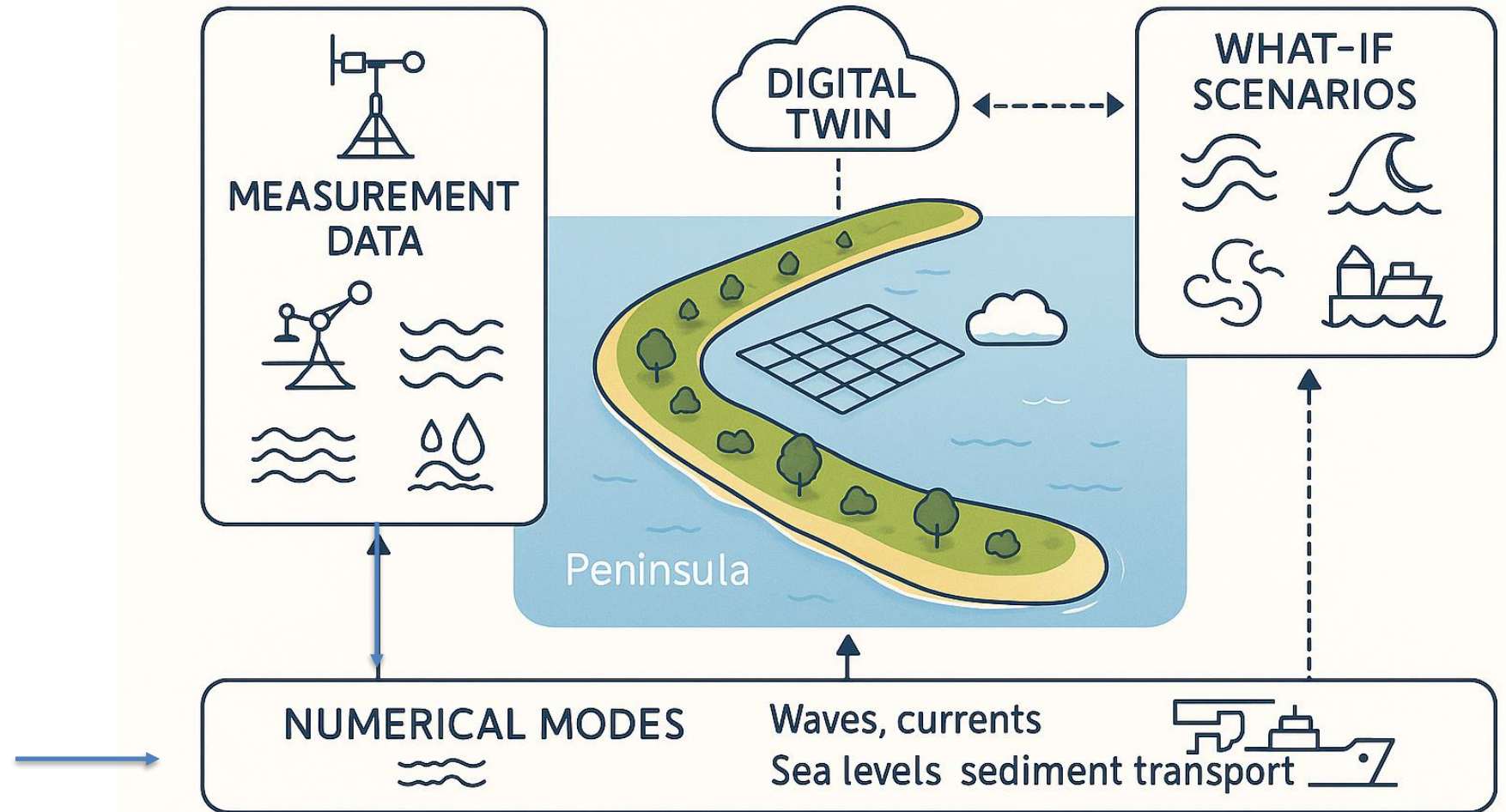
Sensors, buoys, cameras, and weather stations

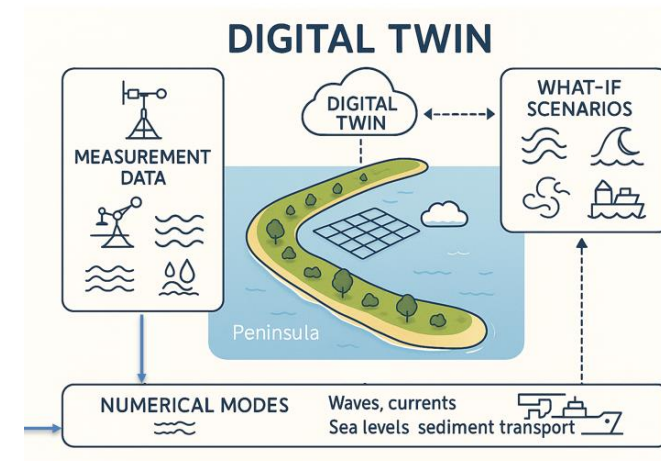


EXTERNAL
OPEN DATABASES

- Atmosphere
- Sea

DIGITAL TWIN



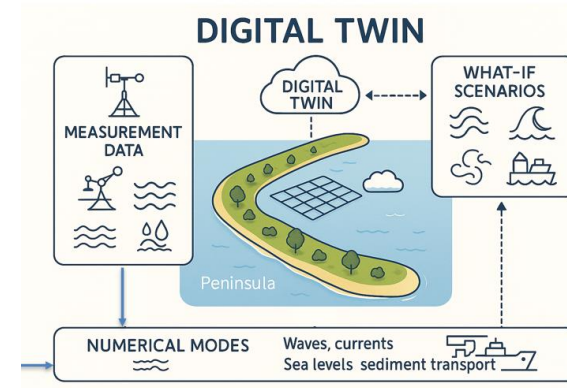


Hydrodynamic monitoring of the Hel Peninsula

Numerical modelling

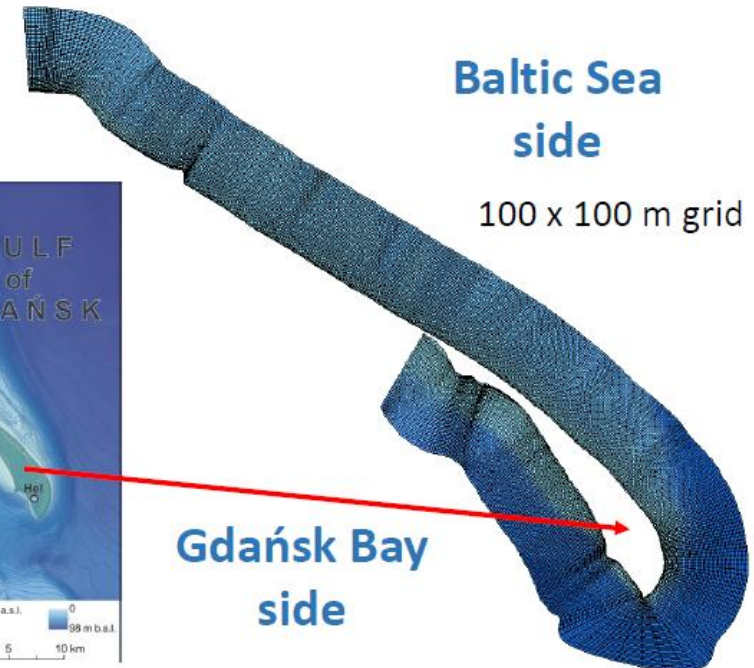
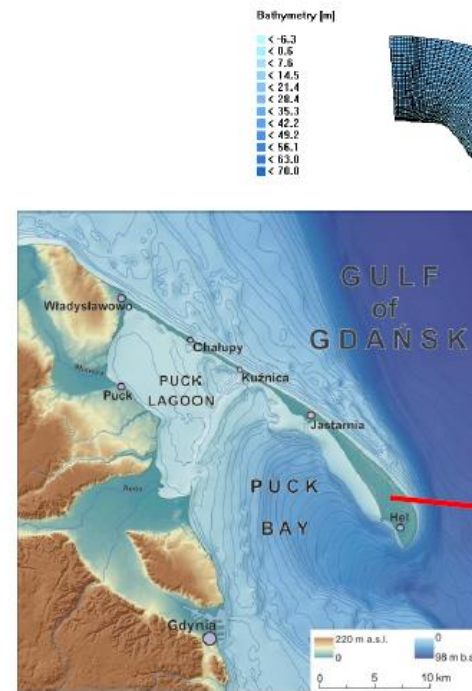
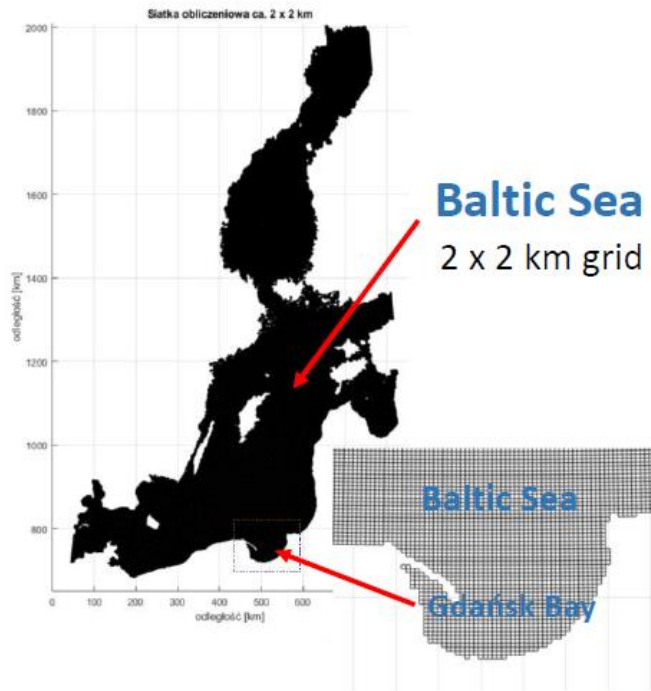
- **Input:** 48 hour wind and pressure forecast from ECMWF
(European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts)
- **Waves** by **SWAN** (Simulating WAVes Nearshore) –TU Delft
- **Currents and water levels** by **Delft3D** - Deltares
- **Waves in port basins** by **semi-analytical model** (M. Paprota, 2019, IBW PAN)
- **Nearshore currents and sediment transport** by **LONG-CUR** (IBW PAN)
- **Shoreline and coast evolution** by **XBeach** model - Deltares





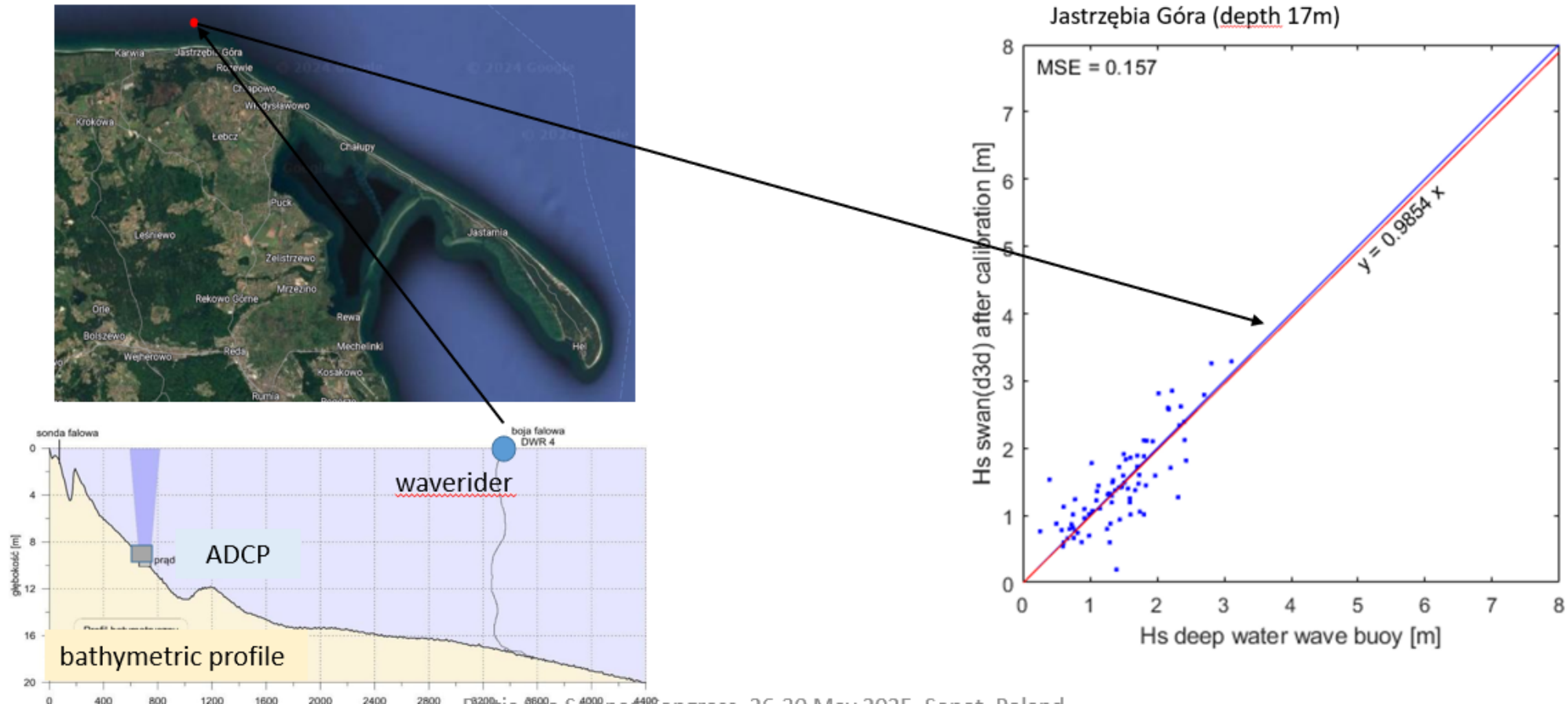
Hydrodynamic monitoring of the Hel Peninsula

Numerical modelling – grid nesting



Models calibration – the real results

Hydrodynamic monitoring of the Hel Peninsula Numerical modelling: SWAN model calibration



Open Data for Numerical Modeling

High-quality, open-access wind
and pressure forecasts



Wind is the key driver of wave genera-
tion and water movement in marine
environments



Accurate wave modelling depends on
reliable wind forecasts



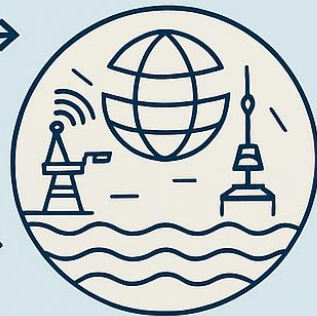
GLOBAL
ATMOSPHERIC MODELS
assimilating observations



Ground



Buoy



GLOBAL
ATMOSPHERIC MODELS

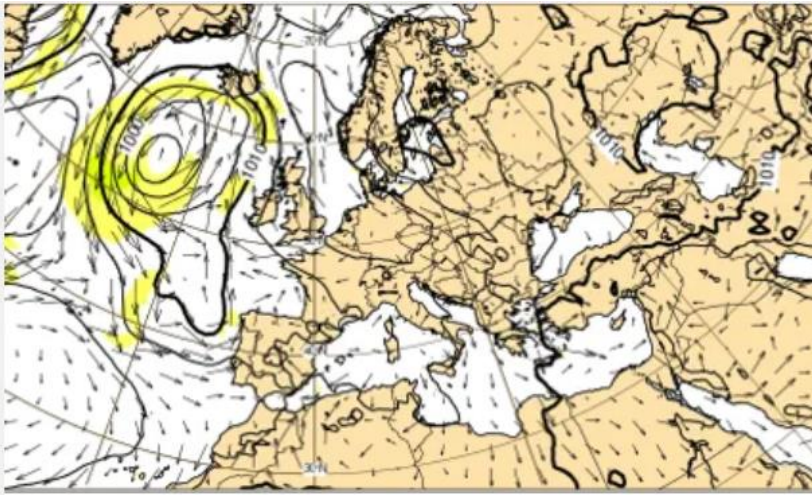


European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts
provides high-quality, open-access wind and pressure forecasts.

ECMWF forecasts are generated using global atmospheric models assimilating observations from satellites, ground stations, aircraft, and buoys.

Open access available via:
<https://www.ecmwf.int/en/forecasts/datasets/open-data>

Licensing: Open data under the ECMWF Open Data License (free for commercial and non-commercial use with attribution).



Latest forecast



10 m wind and mean sea level pressure

The surface wind is influenced by the roughness of the earth's surface and is likely to be less strong, and a little backed (in the northern hemisphere) or veered (in the southern hemisphere)...



Open real-time data can be accessed free of charge via the public FTP.

Copernicus Marine Service

Providing free and open marine data and services to enable marine policy implementation, support Blue growth and scientific innovation.

[Access Data](#) >

DATA

OCEAN PRODUCTS

A robust ocean data catalogue, to download or visualise data including hindcasts, nowcasts and forecasts.

EXPERTISE

OCEAN STATE REPORT

Extensive annual analysis on the state of the ocean over nearly 20 years and severe/notable annual events.

TRENDS

OCEAN CLIMATE TRENDS

Monitoring the health of the ocean.

[Ocean Monitoring Indicators](#)
[Ocean Climate Portal](#)

EXPLORATION

OCEAN VISUALISATION

Dive into our 4D digital oceans through our 3 visualisation tools for beginner, intermediate and advanced users



Copernicus
Marine Service

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Baltic Sea Wave Analysis and Forecast



[Home](#) > [Marine Data Store](#) > [Product](#)

[Description](#)

[Notifications](#)

[Data access](#)

[Contact](#)

DOCUMENTATION

[User Manual](#)

[Quality Information Document](#)

[Synthesis Quality Overview](#)

[Product Quality Dashboard](#)

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DOI

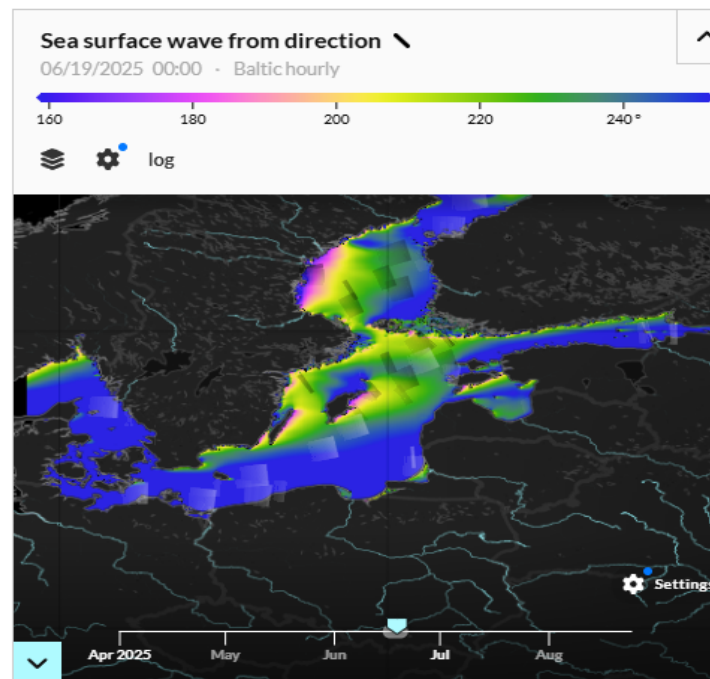
[10.48670/moi-00011](https://doi.org/10.48670/moi-00011)

Overview

This Baltic Sea wave model product provides forecasts for the wave conditions in the Baltic Sea. The Baltic forecast is updated twice daily from a 00Z production providing a 10 days forecast and from a 12Z production providing a 6 days forecast. Data are provided with hourly instantaneous data for significant wave height, wave period and wave direction for total sea, wind sea and swell, the Stokes drift, and two parameters for the maximum wave. The product is based on the wave model WAM cycle 4.7. The wave model is forced with surface currents, sea level anomaly and ice information from the Baltic Sea ocean forecast product (BALTICSEA_ANALYSISFORECAST_PHY_003_006). The product grid has a horizontal resolution of 1 nautical mile. The area covers the Baltic Sea including the transition area towards the North Sea (i.e. the Danish Belts, the Kattegat and Skagerrak).

DOI (product):

<https://doi.org/10.48670/moi-00011>



Explore in MyOcean Pro

Copernicus Marine Data

Baltic Sea Wave Forecasts

Copernicus Marine Service offers global and regional model outputs for marine conditions.



The "Baltic Sea Wave Forecast" product provides open access to numerical wave model data.



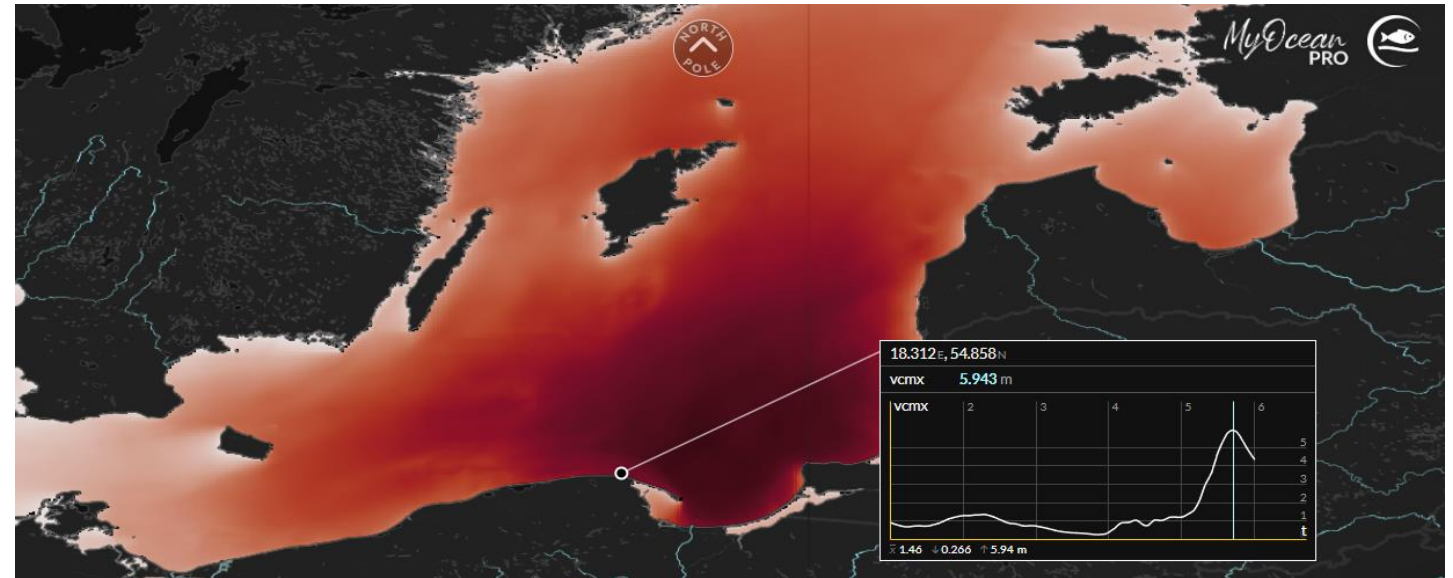
Model resolution: ~2 km horizontal grid spacing



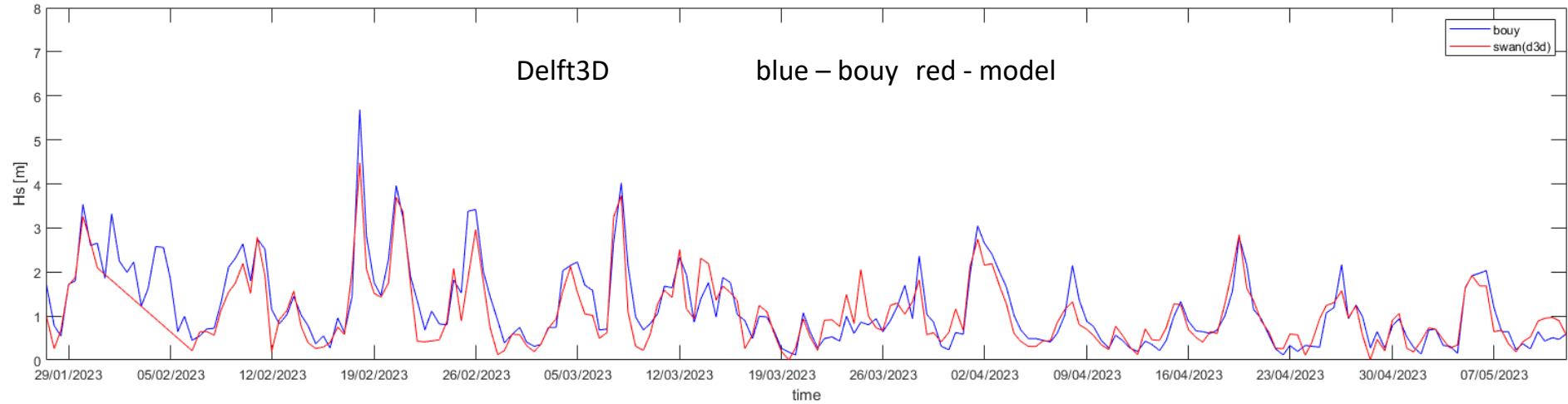
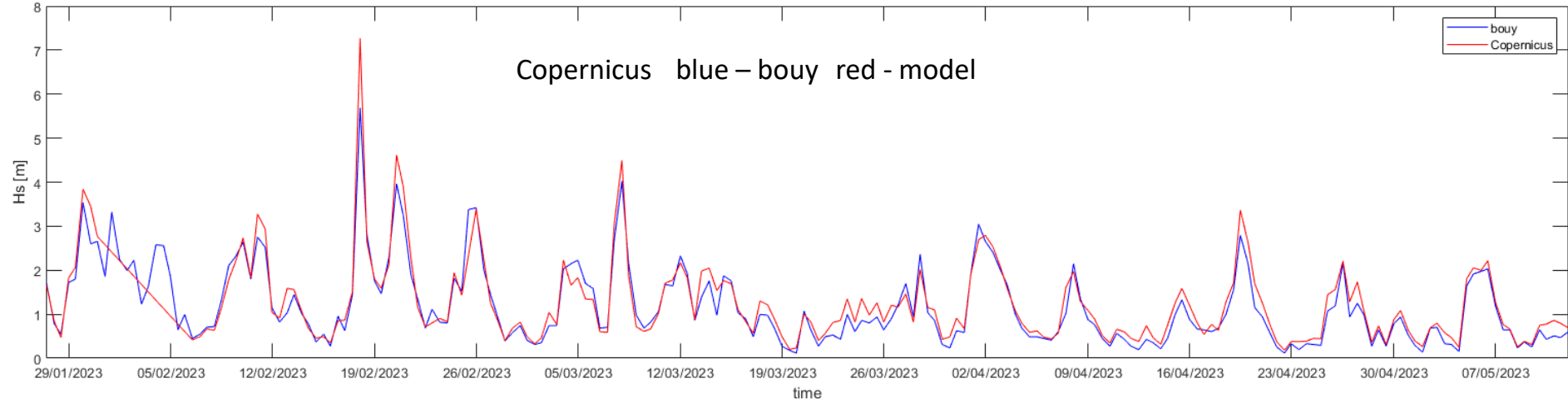
Source:
<https://marine.copernicus.eu> (search for 'Baltic Sea Wave Forecast')



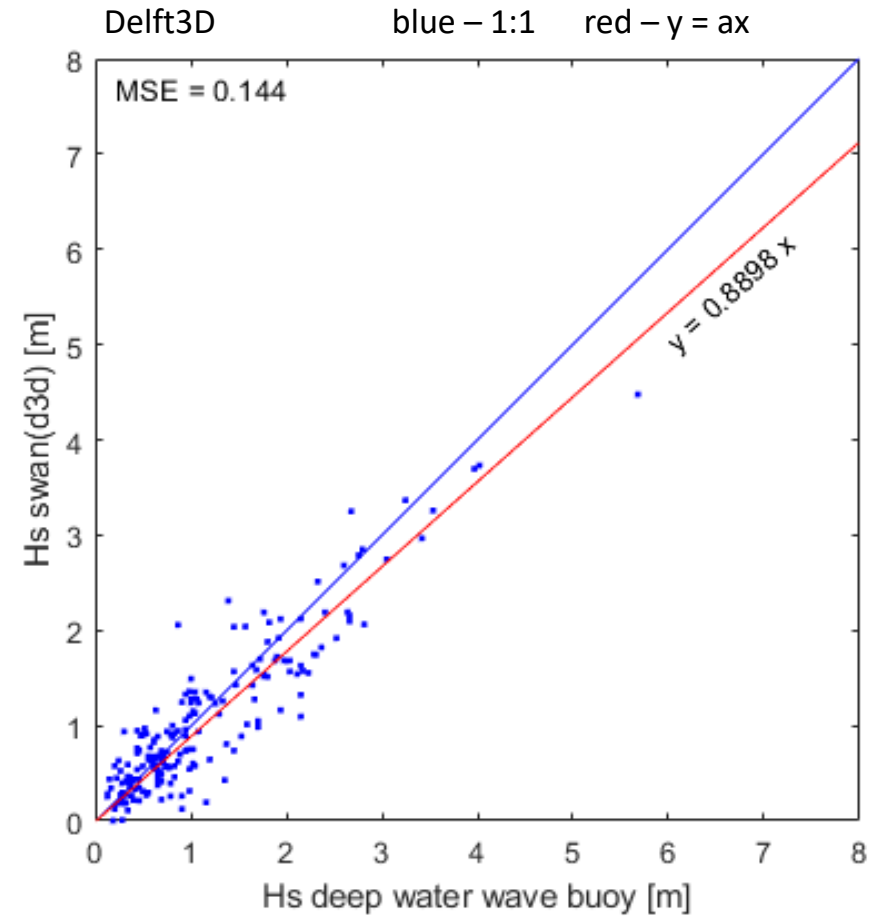
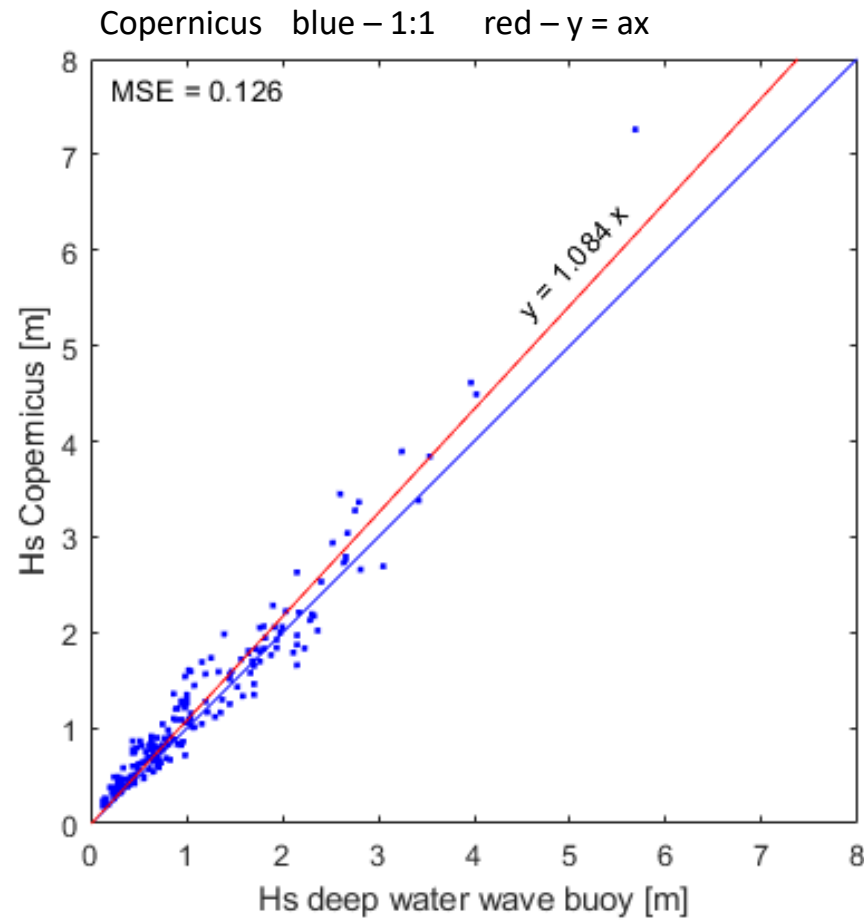
These data are validated and quality-controlled, serving as a reference for our high-resolution coastal models.



First step

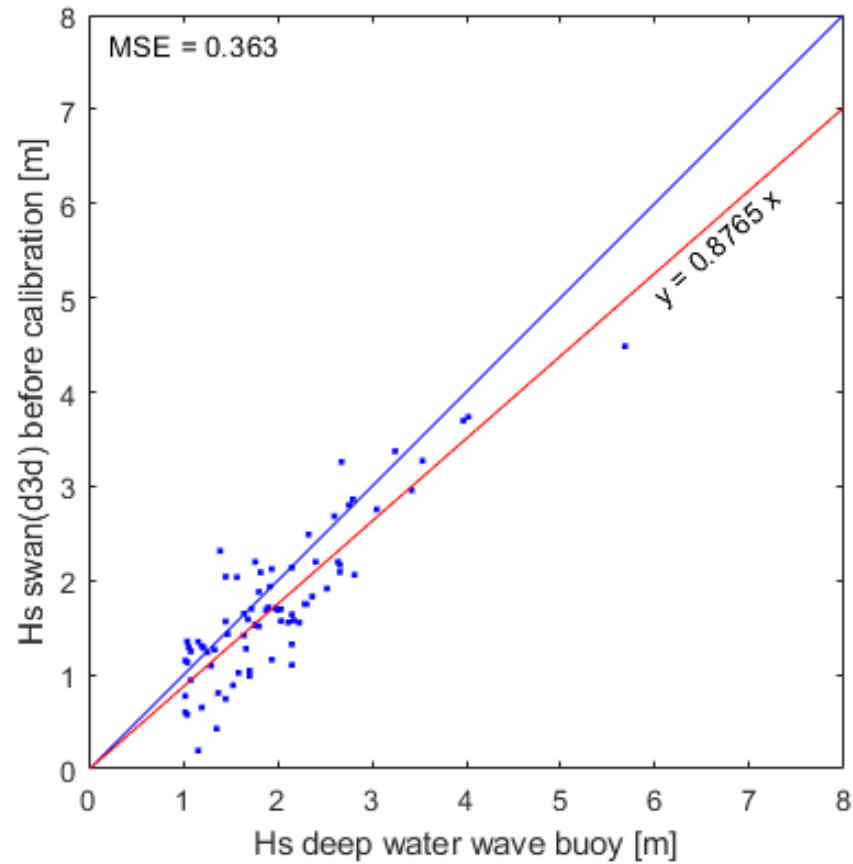


MODEL CALIBRATION - first step

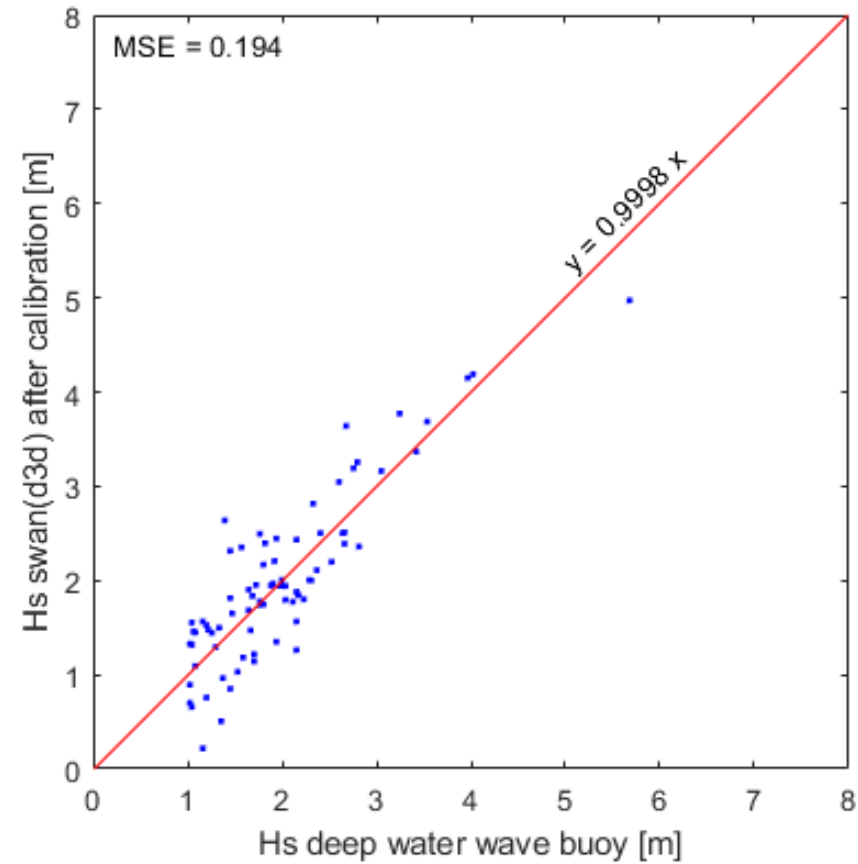


MODEL CALIBRATION - first step

Before calibration (deep water wave buoy 54m)

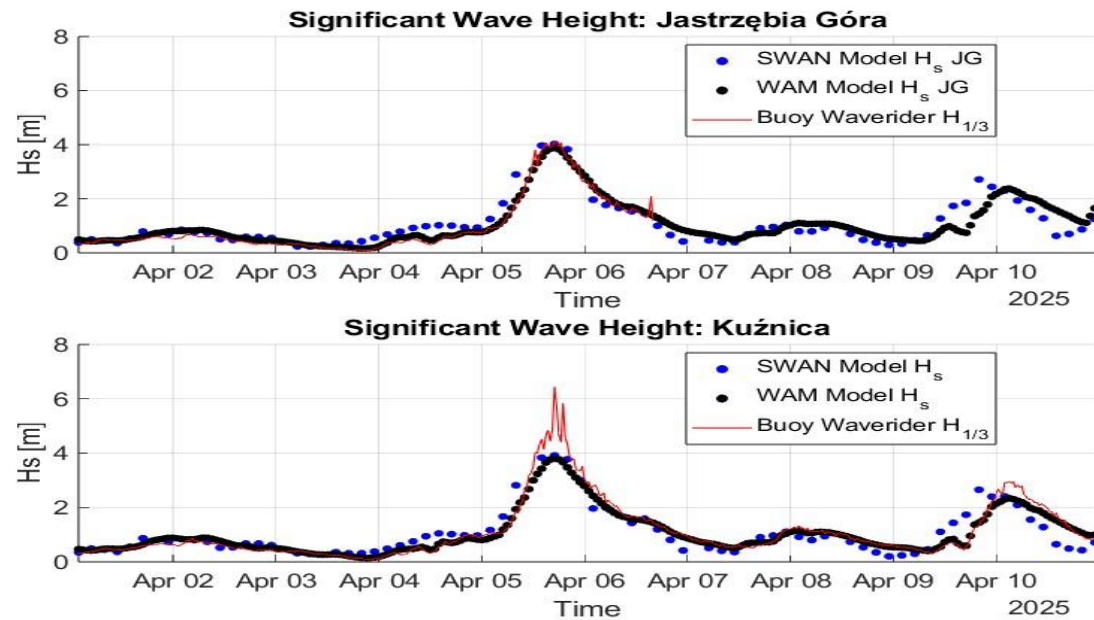


After calibration (deep water wave buoy 54m)



SWAN model validation

Case study – storm 5th April 2025



Stakeholders

Stakeholders

the Maritime Office in Gdynia

the Maritime Office in Szczecin



The Ministry of Infrastructure



Ministerstwo
Infrastruktury

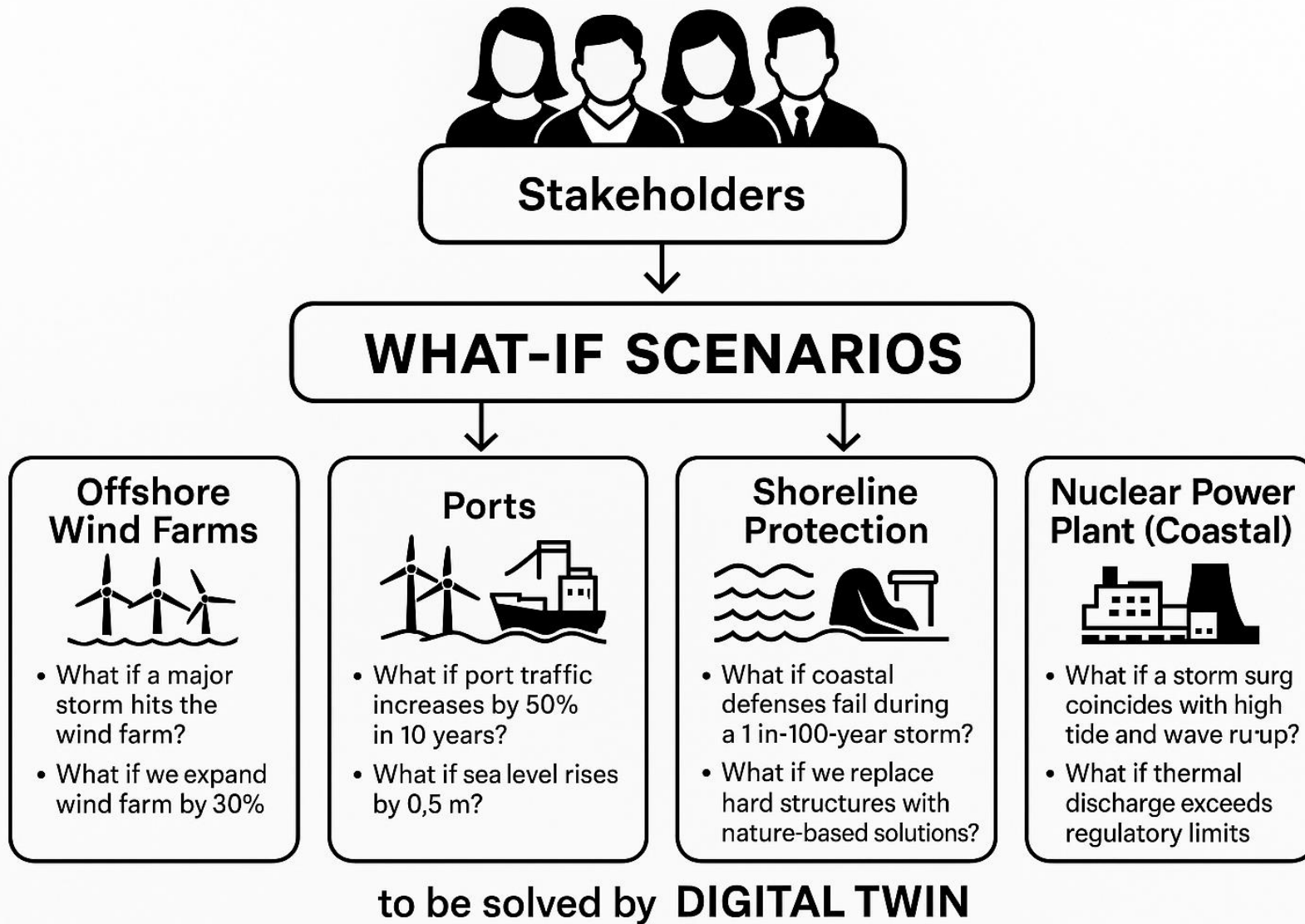
the Spatial Information System of the Maritime
Administration (SIPAM)

Growing Polish Maritime Industry (ports, offshore wind)

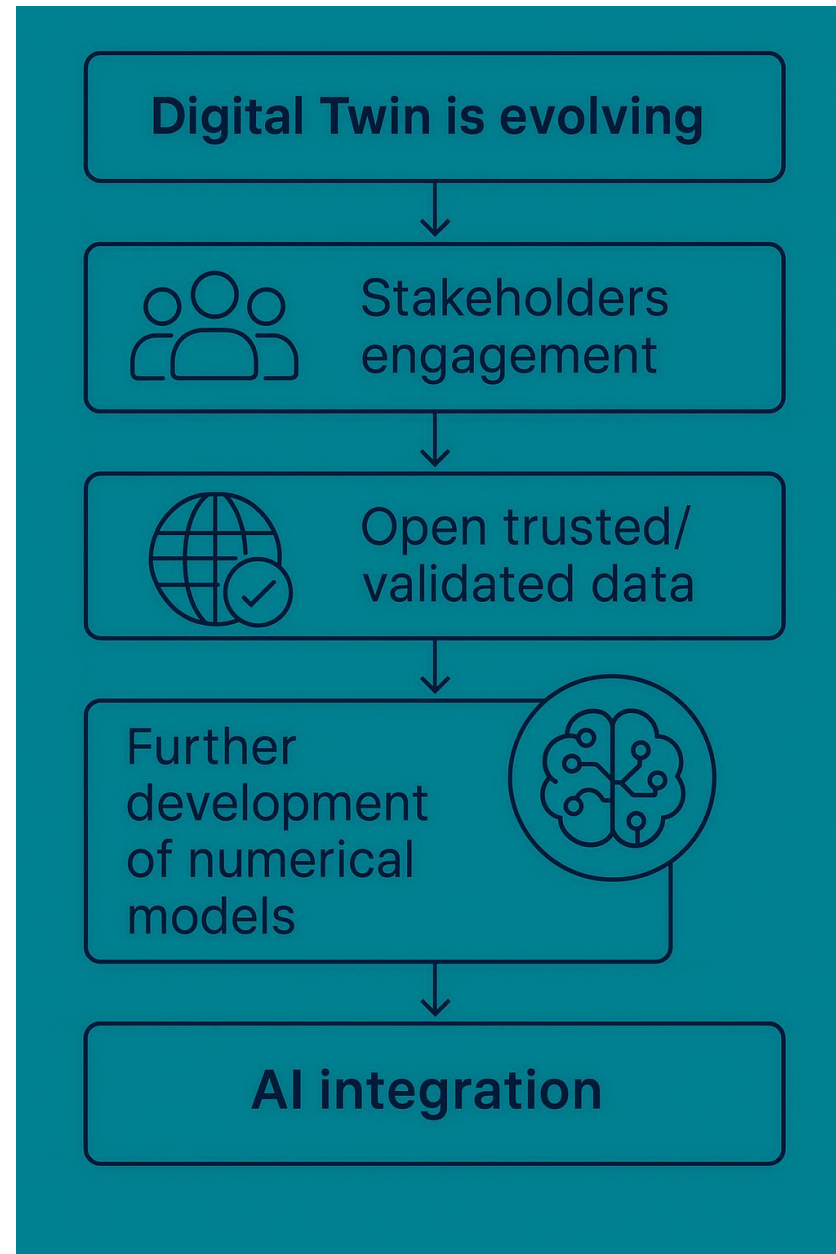


Baltic Sea Science Congress, 26-30 May 2025, Sopot, Poland





Summary



Stay up-to-date on our
2025 activities!

The logo for Data.europa academy is located in the bottom left corner. It features a large orange circle with a smaller white circle inside it. The text "data.europa academy" is written in white lowercase letters inside the white circle. The word "data" is on the top line, "europa" is on the middle line, and "academy" is on the bottom line. The dots in "europa" are colored: the first dot is orange, the second is blue, the third is orange, and the fourth is blue.

data.
europa
academy

Register now for our next webinar!

WEBINAR

**Data spaces:
experience from the
Public Procurement
Data Space**



27 June 2025
10.00 – 11.00 CEST



Continue the discussion on our collaboration channel!

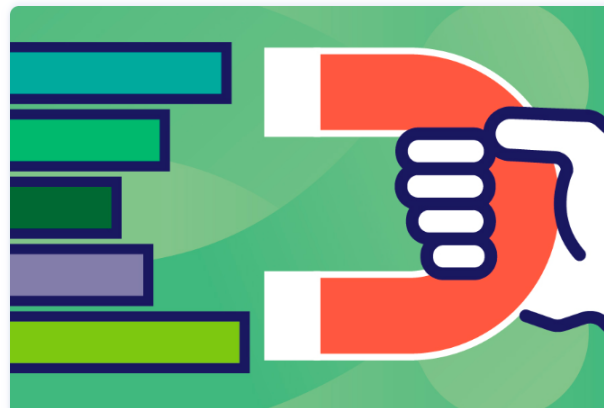
Collaboration channel

Connect with a vibrant community of data enthusiasts!

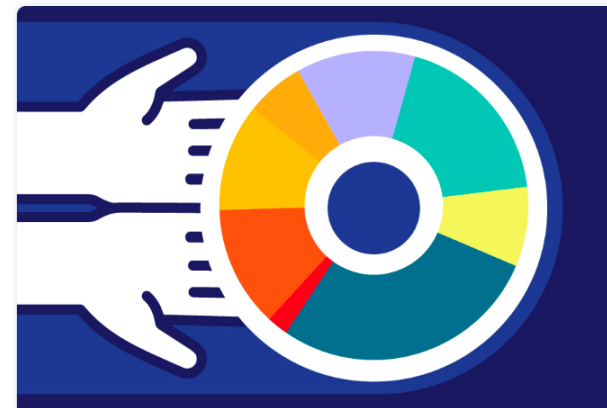
This space is designed for users to share ideas and exchange challenges and opportunities in the scope of the constantly evolving data landscape. You can join the group and topic you prefer, follow and be updated on ongoing conversations and participate in discussions on topics that matter to you.

Whether you are a data provider or a data reuser, you will find a dedicated space for collaboration where you can foster meaningful discussions.

If you are an official data provider, you can request access to this restricted forum, and we will carefully analyse your request. If you are a data reuser, you can join and will have direct access to this community to connect and engage with other members.

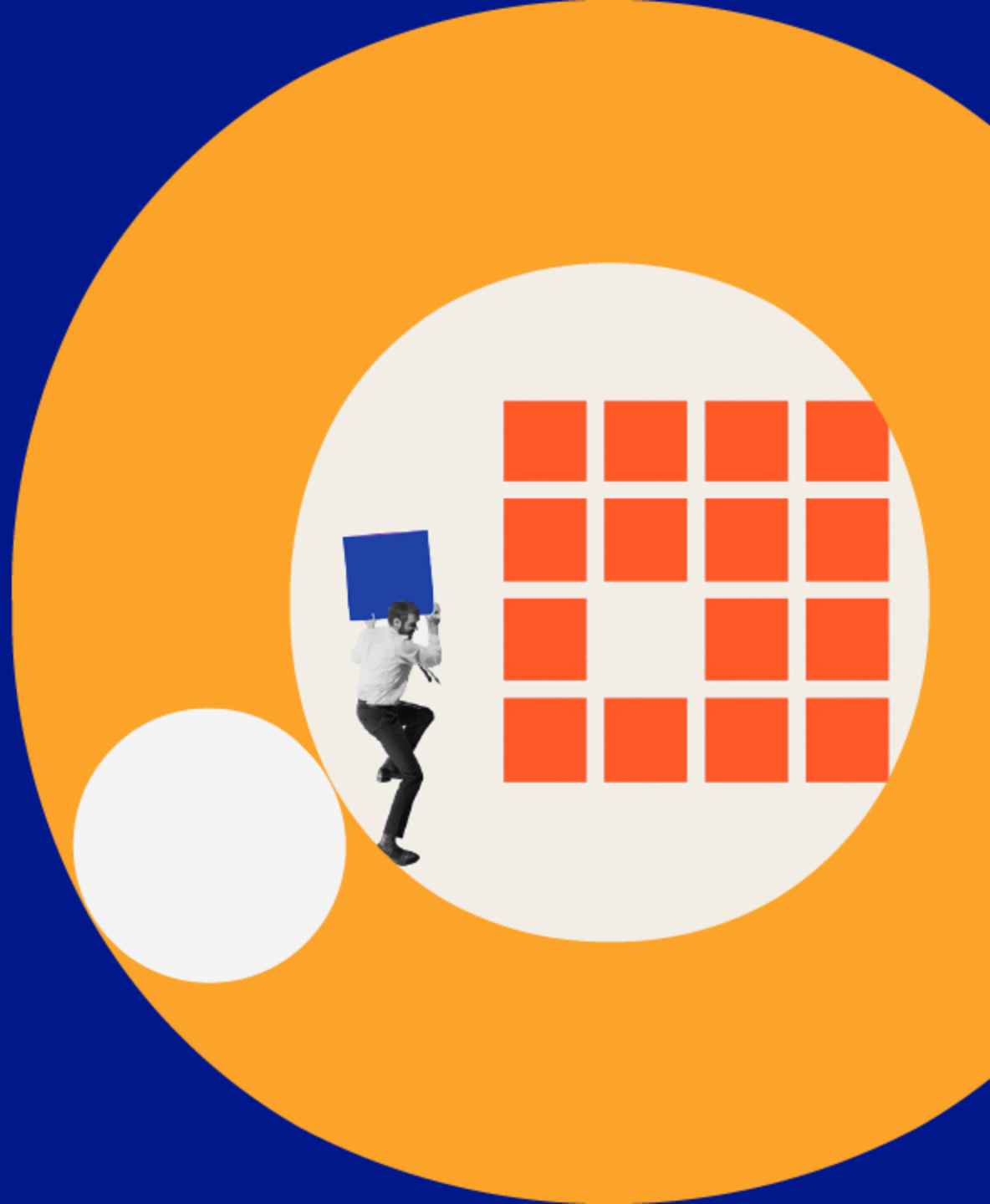


Data reusers



Data providers

Your opinion is important to us!



Thank you!

